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Preface

0.1 About This Manual

0.2 Copyright Declarations

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0.4 How To Become A Registered Owner

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0.1 About This Manual

This manual is designed to assist users in using the DrayTek Vigor2200 series router, including the Vigor2200, Vigor2200X and Vigor2200E. Information in this document has been carefully checked for accuracy; however, no guarantee is given as to the correctness of the contents. The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Should you have any inquiries, please feel free to contact support@draytek.com.tw. For latest product info and features, visit our website at www.draytek.com.tw.

0.2 Copyright Declarations

Copyright © 2000 DrayTek Corporation. All rights reserved. This publication contains information that is protected by copyright. No part may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language without written permission from the copyright holders.

0.3 Trademarks

Microsoft is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corp. Windows, Windows 95, 98, Me, NT, and 2000 are trademarks of Microsoft Corp. Other trademarks and registered trademarks of products referred to in this manual are the properties of their respective holders.

0.4 How To Become A Registered Owner

Web registration is preferred. Please visit the following website: <http://www.draytek.com.tw/registration.htm>. Alternatively, fill in the registration card and mail it to the address found on the reverse side of the card. Registered owners will receive future product and update information.

0.5 Safety Instructions

! Please read the installation guide thoroughly before you set up the router.

! The router can be used only with a BRI (Basic Rate Interface) ISDN line, except for the Vigor2200E model.

! The router is a complicated electronic unit that may be repaired only by authorized and qualified personnel. Do not try to open or repair the router yourself.

! Do not place the router in a damp or humid place, e.g. a bathroom.

! The router should be used in a sheltered area, within a temperature range of +5 to +40 Celsius.

! Do not expose the router to direct sunlight or other heat sources. The housing and electronic components may be damaged by direct sunlight or heat sources.

! Keep the packaging out of reach of children.

! When you to dispose of the router, please follow local regulations on conservation of the environment.

0.6 Warranty

We warrant to the original end user (purchaser) that the Vigor2200 series routers will be free from any defects in workmanship or materials for a period of two (2) years from the date of purchase from the dealer. Please keep your purchase receipt in a safe place as it serves as proof of date of purchase.

During the warranty period, and upon proof of purchase, should the product have indications of failure due to faulty workmanship and/or materials, we will, at our discretion, repair or replace the defective products or components, without charge for either parts or labor, to whatever extent we deem necessary to re-

store the product to proper operating condition. Any replacement will consist of a new or re-manufactured functionally equivalent product of equal value, and will be offered solely at our discretion. This warranty will not apply if the product is modified, misused, tampered with, damaged by an act of God, or subjected to abnormal working conditions.

The warranty does not cover the bundled or licensed software of other vendors. Defects which do not significantly affect the usability of the product will not be covered by the warranty. We reserve the right to revise the manual and online documentation and to make changes from time to time in the contents hereof without obligation to notify any person of such revision or changes.

0.7 European Community Declarations

The Vigor2200 series routers have been approved for connection to the Public Switched Telecommunication Network using interfaces compatible with ITU-TSS recommendation I.430 (Basic Rate ISDN user access). The Vigor2200 series routers comply with the R&TTE Directive 5/99EC.

1

Getting Started

1.1 Introduction

1.2 Vigor2200 Series Router Comparisons

1.3 Unpacking Your Vigor2200 Series Router

1.4 LED Indicators & Rear Panels

1.5 Key Features

1.1 Introduction

The Vigor2200 series of routers is composed of the Vigor2200, the Vigor2200X, and the Vigor2200E. The Vigor2200E has no ISDN BRI interface. Therefore, no ISDN functions are available for the Vigor2200E and parts of this manual referring to such functions will not apply to the Vigor2200E.

From a technical point of view, the Vigor2000 and Vigor2200X are broadband DSL/Cable routers within another WAN interface ---ISDN BRI. The interface offers traditional ISDN functions, such as remote access, LAN-to-LAN access, Virtual TA applications, and ISDN dial-backup. The Vigor2200E is a pure Ethernet-to-Ethernet router.

The Vigor2200 series routers provide multiple users with efficient and reliable access over a single ISDN, DSL line, or Cable Modem service to the Internet and corporate LAN for using E-mail, sharing documents, Web surfing, file transfers, etc.

The broadband access protocol supports PPPoE, PPTP, Dynamic IP (DHCP) and Static IP. These protocols comply with worldwide Ethernet-based DSL/Cable Modem standards.

For traditional ISDN users, the Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X feature a built-in Virtual TA (Remote CAPI) server which can operate as a CAPI-based ISDN TA for LAN users. To run FAX transmission or data transfer services, users need to install a Virtual TA client driver on the PCs, and use third-party CAPI-based software.

1.2 Vigor2200 Series Router Comparisons

Items/Models	Vigor2200	Vigor2200X	Vigor2200E
ISDN BRI	Yes	Yes	No
LAN1	1*10/100 Base-TX	4*10/100Base-TX	4*10/100Base-TX
LAN2(WAN)	10Base-T	10Base-T	10Base-T
Broadband Access Capability	DSL/Cable Modem	DSL/Cable Modem	DSL/Cable Modem
LAN-to-LAN via ISDN	Yes	Yes	No
ISDN Dial-Backup	Yes	Yes	No

The above table shows a brief comparison of the Vigor2200 series routers: the Vigor2200, Vigor2200X and Vigor2200E. Note that the Vigor2200E does not have an ISDN BRI interface and that LAN-to-LAN, remote access, and ISDN dial-backup are not available. For the local Ethernet interface, LAN1 supports 10/100 Base-TX on all models, though both the Vigor2200X and the Vigor2200E have a built-in 4-port 10/100 Base-TX switch.

Broadband DSL/Cable Modem Connection Features:

1. Seamless migration from ISDN to a broadband connection for multiple SOHO users.
2. Easily use ISDN for dial-back and/or remote access while concurrently using the DSL/Cable modem connection.
3. PPPoE allows users on the LAN2(WAN) interface to setup a dial-on-demand DSL connection sharing the same IP account, and paying for only ONE connection. The idle-timeout function prevents wasted connection charges by shutting down the connection when it is idle. No PPPoE client software is required for the computers. Hassle free!
4. The Vigor2200 series DHCP client allows users on the LAN2(WAN) interface to access the Internet via an external cable modem.

1.3 Unpacking Your Vigor2200 Series Router

Your Vigor2200 series router package should contain the items listed below. If any item is missing or damaged, contact your dealer or DrayTek Customer Service Department immediately.

- > One User manual with warranty/registration card
- > One CD-ROM; includes User Manual in electronic form, latest released firmware, and utilities
- > One RJ-45 ISDN telephone cable (black). Note that the Vigor2200E package does not contain this cable.
- > One AC/AC power adapter (black)
- > One Ethernet LAN cable (blue) for connection to a computer or hub

Dimensions: 21.8cm x 15.8cm x 3.6cm

Weight: 399 grams

Maximum Power: 10W

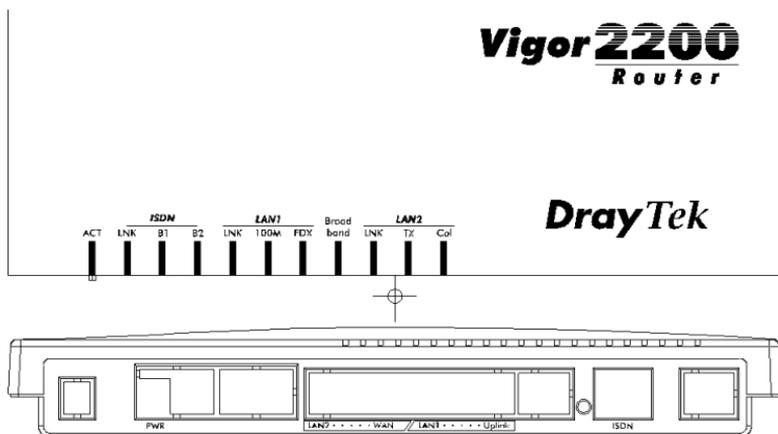
Power Adapter:

AC adapter, Class 2 transformer, 110 VAC or 230VAC input, minimum output is from 15 to 17V AC 600mA

1.4 LED Indicators & Rear Panels

Each of the Vigor2200 series front and rear panel are different. The following sections describe the models individually.

Vigor2200:



LED Indicators

There are eleven LEDs on the front panel; ACT, LNK, B1, B2, LNK, 100M, FDX, Broadband, LNK, TX, and Col.

ACT (Activity)

Blinks when power is supplied to the router and the router is running normally.

ISDN Group:

LNK (Link)

ON when the ISDN network is correctly setup.

Note:

On some NT1 boxes, the LNK LED will go OFF when the ISDN line has been idle for a while. When the router is dialling or answering a call, it should be ON again.

B1

ON when there is successful remote connection on the ISDN BRI B1 channel.

B2

ON when there is successful remote connection on the ISDN BRI B2 channel.

LAN1 Group:**LNK (Link)**

ON when the connected network card or hub has linked up.
Blinking when the Ethernet packets pass through the interface.

100M

ON when the connected network card or hub support 100Mbps Fast Ethernet.

FDX (Full-Duplex)

ON when the connected network card or hub supports full-duplex transmission mode.

LAN2 Group:**Broadband**

ON when broadband access is active.

LNK (Link)

ON when the connected network card or hub is connected.
Blinking when the LAN2(WAN) port receives packets.

TX (Transmit)

Blinks when the LAN2(WAN) port transmits data.

Col (Collision)

ON when there are collisions occurring on the LAN2(WAN) port.

Rear Panel Description

The Vigor2200 has a reset button, a power jack, and five RJ-45 ports on the rear panel:

PWR

Only the DrayTek supplied power adapter should be connected to the power jack.

Reset

For firmware upgrades: Press and hold the button, then power ON. The ACT and LNK LEDs will blink simultaneously.

To restore default settings: While the device is running, press the button and hold for more than five seconds. When the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly, release the Reset button. The router will restart with the default configuration.

LAN2 ... WAN

These ports are the same Ethernet port with a mutual crossover. Normally, the DSL/Cable modem should be connected to the WAN port.

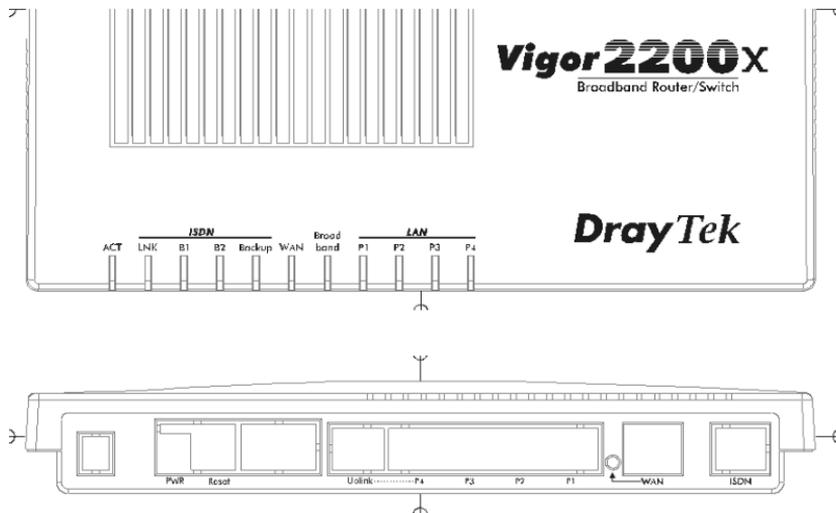
LAN1 ... Uplink

These ports are the same Ethernet port with a mutual crossover. Normally, you should connect your PC to the LAN1 port and an Ethernet switch/hub to the Uplink port.

ISDN

Connects to a NT1 box provided by your ISDN service provider.

Vigor2200X:



LED Indicators

As shown above, there are 11 LEDs on the front panel. Reading from left to right, they are marked ACT, LNK, B1, B2, Backup, WAN, Broadband, P1, P2, P3 and P4. Their functions are as follows:

ACT(Activity)

Blinks when power is supplied to the router and the router software is running normally.

ISDN Group:

LNK (Link)

ON when the ISDN network is correctly setup.

Note:

For some NT1 boxes, the LNK will go OFF when the ISDN line has been idle for a while. When the router is dialling or answering a call, it should be ON again.

B1

ON when there is successful remote connection on the ISDN BRI B1 channel.

B2

ON when there is successful remote connection on the ISDN BRI B2 channel.

Backup

ON when ISDN backup dial is active.

WAN Group:

WAN

ON when the WAN port is connected.

Broadband

ON when broadband access is active.

P1, P2, P3, P4

These indicators are dual color LEDs: Yellow means the port is connected to a 10Mbps device and Green indicates the connected device is 100Mbps.

ON when the connected network device has been linked up correctly.

Blinking when there are Ethernet packets through the switch port.

Rear Panel Description

The Vigor2200X has one reset button, one power jack and seven RJ-45 ports on the rear panel. Detailed descriptions are as follows:

PWR

Only the DrayTek supplied power adapter should be connected to the power jack.

Reset

For upgrading the firmware: Press the button and hold, then power

ON. The ACT and LNK LEDs will blink simultaneously.

To restore default settings: While the device is running, press the button and hold for more than five seconds. When the ACT LED begins to blink rapidly, release the Reset button. The router will restart with the default configuration.

Uplink ... P4

These ports are the same Ethernet port with a mutual crossover. Normally, the Uplink port should be connect to an external Ethernet switch/hub, the P4 port should be connected to your PC.

P3, P2, P1

These switch ports should be connected to your local PCs.

WAN LED

ON when the DSL/Cable modem is connected.

Blinking when data packets pass through the port.

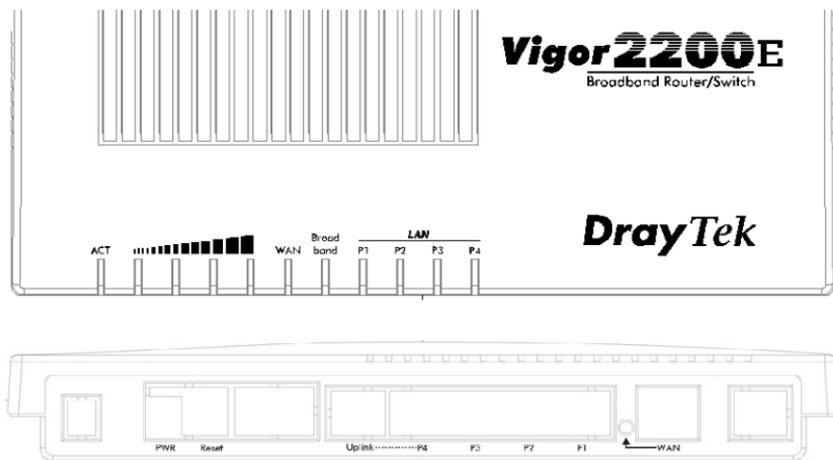
WAN

The port should be connected to the Ethernet port of an external DSL/Cable modem.

ISDN

Connects to an NT1 box provided by your ISDN service provider.

For Vigor2200E:



LED Indicators

As shown above, there are 11 LEDs, reading from left to right, they are ACT, four bandwidth utilization bar LEDs for the WAN port, WAN, Broadband, P1, P2, P3 and P4. Most of the LEDs are the same as those of the Vigor2200X, except for the additional Bandwidth Utilization LEDs for the WAN port. The following describes only the difference.



There are four LEDs below the bandwidth utilization bar. From left to right they indicate bandwidth utilization, from low to high.

Rear Panel Description

The Vigor2200E has no ISDN port, the rest of the rear panel is the same as that of the Vigor2200X.

1.5 Key Features

The Vigor2200 Router provides many built-in server and software features to provide a convenient comprehensive solution for your SOHO network.

1. Network Address Translation (NAT): NAT allows multiple SOHO users to concurrently connect to an Internet Service Provider (ISP) using a single Internet access account.

2. Firmware Upgrade (TFTP) Server: Using this server and the **Firmware Upgrade Utility** software, you may easily upgrade to the latest firmware whenever enhanced features are added.

3. Web (HTTP) Server: A Web browser is the most common tool used to surf the Internet. You may use Microsoft's **Internet Explorer** or **Netscape's** browser etc, to configure the Vigor2200 series router as easily as surfing web sites.

4. Virtual TA Server (VTA): The terminology "Virtual TA" means the Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X can operate as traditional ISDN TA's to transmit and receive data, FAX, and voice transmissions via third-party software running on a desktop computer. In fact, a virtual TA server works as a network TA to exchange packets between an ISDN BRI and an Ethernet LAN. Therefore, desktop computers can use the ISDN line resource via an Ethernet LAN. In short, multiple users can share a network TA for backward compatibility with traditional applications, such as BBS, file transfer, sending/receiving FAXs etc.

5. Remote Access Server (RAS): RAS provides remote dial-in access services for home workers, branch offices, or telecommuters. Vigor2200 Routers offer 10 dial-in user profiles, including an authentication mechanism through CHAP/PAP and Calling Line Identification (CLID), secure callback functions, and 16 Lan-to-Lan Dialer Profiles, etc.

6. Routing Information Protocol (RIP) Support: Used in most LAN-to-LAN applications. The RIP protocol exchanges routing information between routers.

7. Domain Name Server (DNS) Proxy: The DNS proxy maintains a DNS cache, including a mapping table between domain names and IP addresses. The proxy also remembers DNS query packets sent through the router and saves them into its own DNS cache. For enhanced speed, when a DNS query packet enters the router, the proxy searches its local DNS cache. If matched, the router sends an answer to the host that sent the DNS query packet. Only unmatched DNS queries require querying a WAN Domain Name Server.

8. Telnet Terminal Server: The Telnet User Interface (TUI) is an efficient method of configuring and managing routers. It utilizes a traditional command-line user interface and is mainly for advanced configuration, management, and troubleshooting.

9. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Client on WAN Port: In most cable modem environments, the Vigor2200 series supports a DHCP client on the WAN port. They can automatically get IP network settings from a cable head-end access server.

10. Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Server: The server provides a easy-to-configure function for your local IP network. It can automatically assign IP network configurations for local PCs, such as IP address, IP netmask, gateway IP address and Domain Name server etc.

11. Built-in Flash ROM: The Flash ROM memory saves the router firmware and configurations, even after power down.

12. Point-to-Point over Ethernet (PPPoE) Client Support: If you are a DSL user, the router has a built-in PPPoE client for establishing a DSL link connection with the ISP. There is no need to install a further PPPoE driver on your computers.

13. **Point-to-Point Tunnelling Protocol (PPTP) Client Support:**

Some DSL modems (e.g. Alcatel modems), only provide a PPTP local connection for an end user computer. The Vigor2200 series routers have a built-in PPTP client for establishing a DSL link transport protocol for your entire local network. There is no need to install a PPTP client driver on your computers.

14. **Firewall:** In addition to the built-in NAT mechanism, the Vigor2200 series routers feature another powerful firewall to protect your local network, or to deny specified local users access to unauthorized network services.

15. **Bandwidth-on-Demand (BOD) for ISDN Interface:** As the ISDN BRI interface has two independent B channels, the BOD mechanism allows you to automatically add/drop a B channel according to data traffic throughput.

16. **Remote Management:** The system manager can remotely manage the routers through an ISDN remote dial-in, or ISDN or DSL WAN interface.

2

Installation & Setup

2.1 Before you Begin

2.2 Hardware Installation

2.3 Setting up a Management PC

2.4 Using the Smart Start Wizard

2.5 Using the Web Configurator

2.1 Before You Begin

1. Use only the power adapter supplied by DrayTek Corp. Using an incorrectly rated power adapter will result in damage to the router.
2. Know the type of interface provided by your ISP or telcom. The standard model only supports the ISDN BRI S/T-interface. If you are an ISDN U-interface user, you need to order a U-interface model. If you are an ISDN S/T-interface user, you should have an NT-1 or NT-1 plus provided by your ISP or telcom. Also, make sure the ISDN line is available (only applies to the Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X).
3. In case of emergency, unplug the power adapter first.
4. Locate the device in a clean location. Do not block the ventilating slots on the rear panel.
5. Cables must be attached to the correct ports; to do otherwise may result in damage to the router. Keep cables away from walkways.
6. If you are a S/T-interface user, don't extend the ISDN line greater than 100 meters from the NT-1 (NT-1 plus) box and the router (only for Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X).
7. If you are a DSL/Cable user, check that your subscribed DSL/Cable modem supports the Ethernet interface for connecting to your PC. If not, you will be unable to connect it to the router.
8. Before you set up the router, you need to know the router's default settings as shown below:

Factory Default Settings:

Router's Default IP Network Settings:

IP Address: 192.168.1.1

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0

DHCP Server: Enabled

Start IP Address: 192.168.1.10

IP Pool Counts: 50

Web Configurator:

Username: admin

Password: <blank>

Note: Blank means no password required.

Telnet Console:

Password: <blank>

Note: Blank means no password required.

Management from the Internet:

Not allow.

The following items apply only to the Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X.

Virtual TA Server: Enabled

Remote Dial-In Server: Disabled

Assigned IP Address: 192.168.1.200

2.2 Hardware Installation

2.2.1 Connecting the Power Adapter

1. Connect the power adapter to the power outlet on the wall and to the PWR power jack on the rear panel of the router.
2. The **ACT** LED should be blinking once every 2 seconds.

2.2.2 Connecting to the Ethernet

A. Connecting to a PC:

1. Attach the Ethernet cable (blue color cable) to the LAN 1 port (Vigor2200) or to any P1 ~ P4 port (Vigor2200X, Vigor2200E).
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to your PC's installed network interface card (NIC).
3. The LED indicators at both the Ethernet port and the NIC should be ON.

Note:

If the Ethernet cable is not long enough to reach your PCs, purchase a longer straight-through CAT. 5 UTP or STP Ethernet cable.

B. Connecting to an External Ethernet Hub:

1. Attach the Ethernet cable (blue color cable) to the **Uplink** port.
2. Connect the other end of the Ethernet cable to the external Ethernet hub or switch.
3. The LED indicators on both the Uplink port and the external

Ethernet hub or switch should be ON.

Note:

If the Ethernet cable is not long enough to reach the external hub/switch, purchase a longer straight-through 10Base-T Ethernet cable, or create a handmade cable.

2.2.3 Connecting to an ISDN BRI Line (Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X only)

A. S/T-Interface Model

1. Locate the ISDN cable (black color cable).
2. Plug one of the RJ-45 connectors on the cable into the ISDN port on the rear panel of the router.
3. Plug the other end of the cable into any of the NT-1 (or NT1 plus) S/T-interface ports.

B. U-Interface Model

1. Locate the ISDN cable (black color cable).
2. Plug one of the RJ-45 connectors on the cable into the ISDN port on the rear panel of the router.
3. Plug the other end of the cable into the ISDN wall outlet.

2.2.4 Connecting to a DSL/Cable Modem

The router supports connection of a DSL modem via an Ethernet interface only. Non-Ethernet interface DSL modems, such as USB, ATM-F-25 will not be supported.

Installation & Setup

1. Locate your Ethernet cable (should be provided by ISP or telcom).
2. Attach the Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port of the DSL/Cable modem.
3. Plug the other end of the cable into the **WAN** port.

The hardware installation is now complete. The following sections will guide you through setting up your management PC and connecting to the Web Configurator.

Note:

The Web Configurator is a management utility that handles all configuration and provides web-based management.

2.3 Setting Up a Management PC

The router has a built-in HTTP (Web) server for configuration. Before you use the router to access the Internet, you should set up a management PC to log into the router for further configuration. The management PC may be configured with a fixed or dynamically assigned IP address.

For a fixed IP address, use an IP address from a 192.168.1.0/24 network, such as 192.168.1.2.

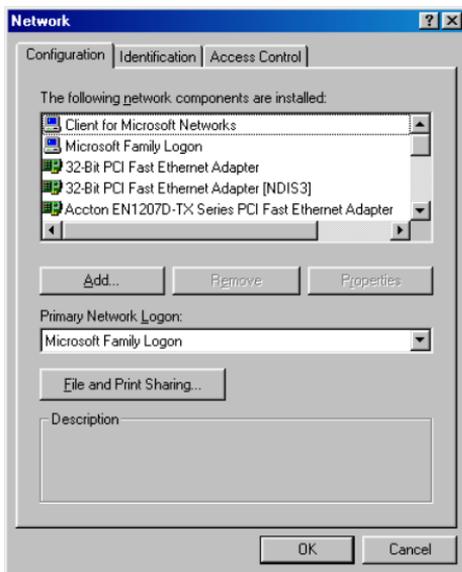
For the dynamic IP address, you need to set the PC as a DHCP client, and then restart or renew the network settings. The router's DHCP server is enabled by default so the PC will then be assigned an IP address and related settings by the router.

The following examples are for a Microsoft™ Windows 95/98 machine set to use a dynamic IP address. For other operating systems, please refer to the OS user manuals.

2.3.1 Checking the Network IP Configuration

The following explains how to setup the Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) in Windows 95/98. For more detailed information on TCP/IP setup, refer to the Windows 95/98 help files. For other operating systems refer to the user manuals.

1. On the desktop, right click "**Network Neighborhood**". Click "**Properties**". The Network screen will open (see the next page).



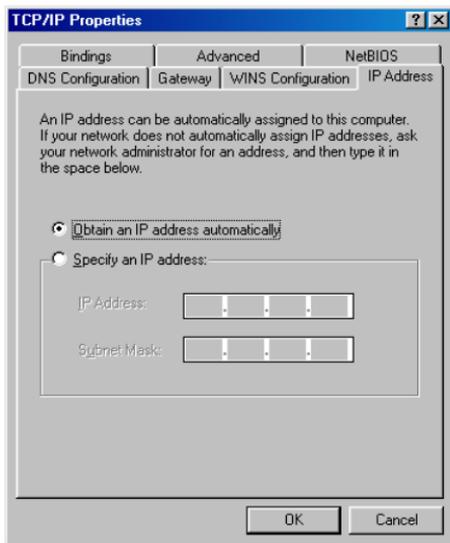
Your particular system will be different from the screen shown here. Check that you have an Ethernet network card installed. If not, refer to the card manufacturers documentation and install the card and drivers.

If your card is installed,

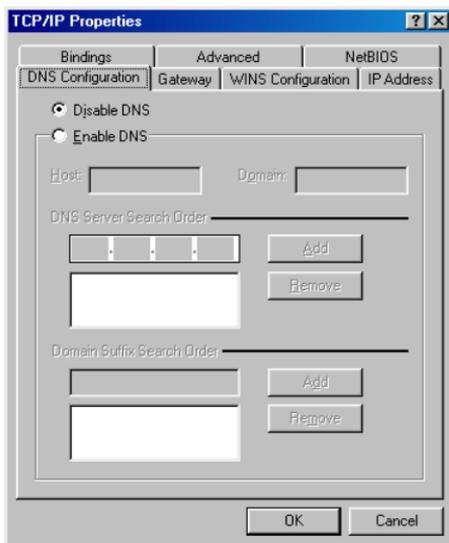
1. Click the **"Add"** button. The Select Network Component Type dialog box will open. The box will show four options: *Client*, *Adapter*, *Protocol*, *Service*.
2. Select Protocol and click the **"Add"** button. The Select Network Protocol dialog box will open.
3. Select Microsoft in the left scrolling window, then select TCP/IP in the right, and click **"OK"**. You will be returned to the Network dialog box.

2.3.2 Configuring the TCP/IP Protocol

1. On the Network dialog box Configuration card, select TCP/IP and then click **“Properties”**. The TCP/IP Properties dialog box will open.



2. On the IP Address tab, click **“Obtain an IP address automatically”**. As the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server built into the router is enabled by default, your computer will get an IP address, subnet mask, and other related IP network settings from the router.
3. On the DNS Configuration tab, click **“Disable DNS”**.



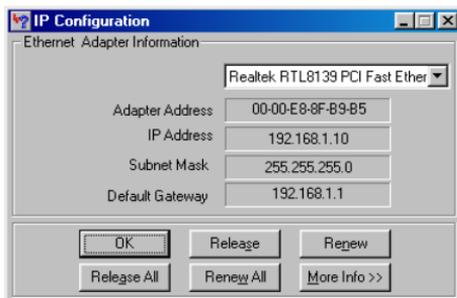
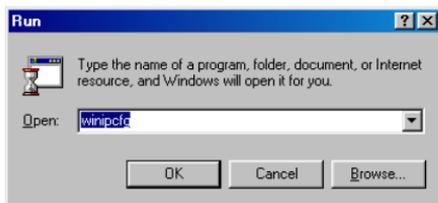
4. Click the **“Gateway”** tab.



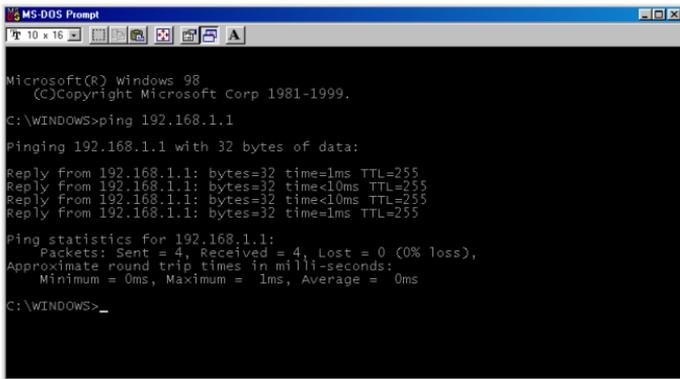
5. Make the **“New gateway”** and **“Installed gateways”** fields blank and click **“OK”**. A dialog box will pop up asking you to restart the PC. Click **“Yes”**.

2.3.3 Checking TCP/IP settings

1. After completing the previous steps, click **“Start”** -> **“Run”** -> and type **“winipcfg”**. The **IP Configuration** window will open. If the PC does not show an IP address in the **192.168.1.2** to **192.168.1.254** range, click the **“Release”** button to release the current configuration. Wait a few seconds and click **“Renew”** to get a new IP configuration from the router.



2. If the IP configuration is correct, you will be able to use the PING diagnostic utility built into Microsoft Windows to ping the router. Click **“Start”** -> **“Programs”** -> **“MS-DOS Prompt”**. A command mode window will open. Type **“ping 192.168.1.1”** (default IP of the router) to diagnose the network connectivity. If both hardware and software are correct, your computer will receive a response from the router as shown on the next page. If not, verify that the Ethernet cable is connected to the router properly and the Ethernet port LED on the front panel is lit.



```
Microsoft(R) Windows 98
(C)Copyright Microsoft Corp 1981-1999.

C:\WINDOWS>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<10ms TTL=255
Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=255

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms

C:\WINDOWS>_
```

2.4 Using the Smart Start Wizard

The **Smart Start Wizard** will guide you through using the Web Configurator or Telnet Terminal (command-line based management). Also, if your currently installed network is not located in the 192.168.1.x IP range, the wizard will find the router and change the router's default IP address and IP mask to match the current network.

If you are familiar with using a web browser (Microsoft Internet Explorer, Netscape Communicator, etc.) or telnet client software, you may jump directly to the next section. We suggest you use the most update-to-date version of your web browser.

Installing the Router Tools

1. Insert the CD supplied with the router into the CD-ROM drive. The auto-run CD will display the main menu.

Note:

If auto-run fails to start the installation program. Click `autostart.exe` on the root directory of the CD to start the program.

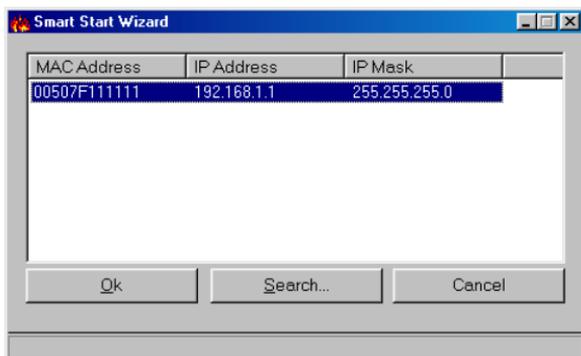
2. Click "**Router Tools**" to install to. The Router Tools utilities include the **Firmware Upgrade Utility**, and the **Smart Start Wizard**.

Using the Wizard

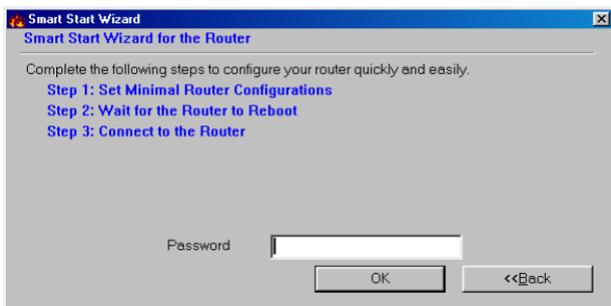
1. Click "**Start**" > "**Programs**" > "**Router Tools**" > "**Smart Start Wizard**". (see below)



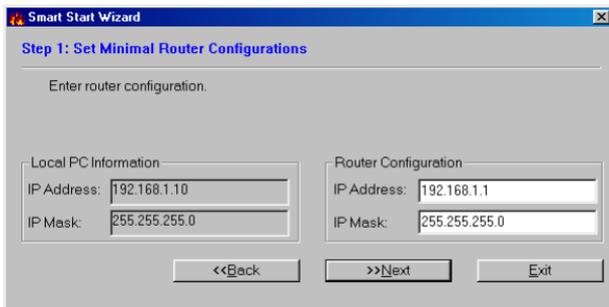
The following screen will open.



2. Click **“Search”** to find the router on your network.
3. Click **“OK”** to go to the login password screen.

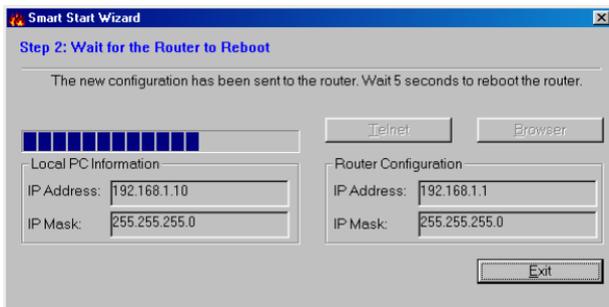


3. If this is a first time setup of the router, do not enter a password. Click **OK** to go to next screen.

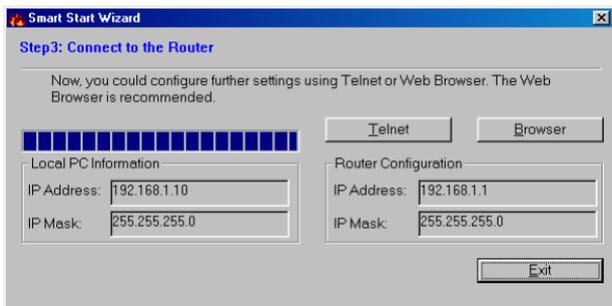


The screen shows read-only IP and IP mask settings for the PC you are using, and also the **IP Address** and **IP Mask** settings for the router. Here you may change the router settings to match your current network environment, or keep the default settings.

4. Click "**Next**" to update the settings to the router.



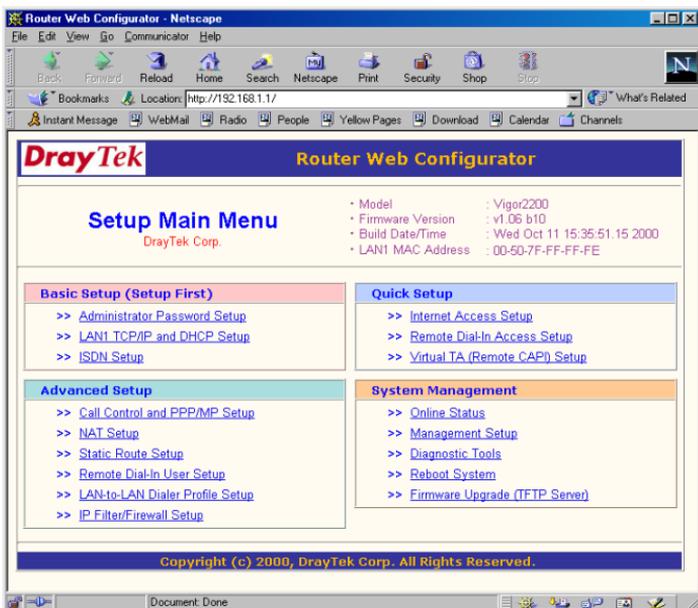
5. Wait for a few seconds. The "**Telnet**" and the "**Browser**" will be clear. (see below)



If the IP address and IP Mask of your PC and of the router are not located at the same subnet. Please renew your PC's IP address by **wini**pcfg.exe on Windows95/98/ME, **ipconfig.exe** on Windows NT/2000. As the browser has been launched, the following pop-up window will ask for a User Name and Password.



Enter **admin** as the User Name and leave the Password field blank. The Web Configurator will open. In the following examples we use the Netscape™ web browser.



2.5 Using the Web Configurator

2.5.1 Connecting to the Web Configurator via a Web Browser

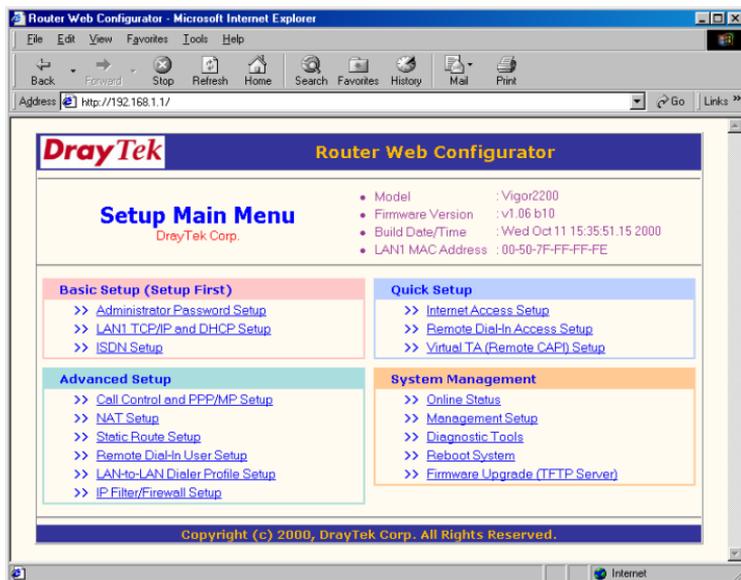
1. Launch the Web browser. Enter **http://192.168.1.1** into the browser **Address** window and press the Enter key.



2. An authentication dialog box will open.



3. If this is a first time to setup of the router, type **admin** as the User Name and leave the Password field blank. Click **OK**.
4. The Web Configurator Setup Main Menu will open. On the main page, Model, Firmware Version, Build Date/Time and LAN MAC (Hardware) Address information will be displayed.



2.5.2 Overview of the Web Configurator

The Setup Main Menu (see above figure) consists of four groups: **Basic Setup (Setup First)**, **Quick Setup**, **Advanced Setup**, and **System Management**. The following will describe the outline for each configuration menu.

Basic Setup (Setup First):

1. Administrator Password Setup:

Sets/changes the administrator password.

2. LAN1 TCP/IP and DHCP Setup:

Modifies the router's IP address and DHCP server settings.

3. ISDN Setup: (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

ISDN users need to select a country code. Sets some ISDN numbering settings, e.g. MSN numbers and Own (Calling) numbers.

Quick Setup:

1. Internet Access Setup: (required for Internet access)

Usually the router functions as a border router for SOHO or home networking so you must enter settings here to enable access to the Internet.

2. Remote Dial-In Access Setup: (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

Remote access or LAN-to-LAN remote access settings are made here.

3. Virtual TA (Remote CAPI) Setup: (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

Use this menu to create a Virtual TA user account and enable/disable the built-in Virtual TA server.

Advanced Setup:

The following settings are for advanced configurations only. These items do not need to be configured for standard Internet access.

1. Call Control and PPP/MP Setup (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

Sets bandwidth-on-demand (BOD) parameters for the MP (Multiple link PPP) protocol. Also, some call control parameters may be set here.

2. NAT (Network Address Translation) Setup

Sets NAT configurations, such as Port Redirection, DMZ etc.

3. Static Route Setup

This menu has 10 routing rules for static routing usage. Here you may add/delete or activate/deactivate any static route.

4. Remote Dial-in User Setup (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

This menu supports 10 remote dial-in account for remote access applications. You can manage these dial-in accounts under the setup menu.

5. LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile Setup (Vigor2200, Vigor2200X)

The LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile differs from the last setup menu. Here up to 16 LAN to LAN profiles can be set for access to up to 16 remote networks via an ISDN line. These profiles have dial-out/dial-in/static route functions.

6. IP Filter/Firewall Setup

The router has a powerful built-in firewall. Up to 84 Call Filter and Data Filter rules may be set.

System Management:

1. Online Status

Click this item to view the system's current online status and

statistics.

2. Management Setup

The item allows you to set or limit access rights to manage the router. Also, you may set HTTP or Telnet ports to specific port numbers of your choice.

3. Diagnostic Tools

Diagnostic tools offers useful tools for diagnosing the router or your network, e.g. view ARP table, routing table, NAT port map, DHCP server status, last triggered packet, etc.

4. Reboot System

You can restart the router with the default configuration or with the current running configuration.

5. Firmware Upgrade (TFTP Server)

Enables the TFTP server for firmware upgrades.

Note:

1. You should now have some basic concepts on how to setup and configure the router. The following chapters will explain each setup menu and related settings in more detail.
2. The Vigor2200E model does not have an ISDN BRI interface. Therefore, ISDN-related features and functions are not available and some setup menus will not appear.

3

Basic Setup & Internet Access

3.1 Basic Setup

3.2 Internet Access Setup

3.3 ISDN Dial-up Internet Access

3.4 DSL/Cable Modem Internet Access

The Web Configurator Setup Main Menu includes four groups: **Basic Setup (Setup First)**, **Quick Setup**, **Advanced Setup**, and **System Management**.

This chapter explains the Basic Setup group and Internet Access Setup (which is in the Quick Setup group).

3.1 Basic Setup (Setup First)

This group includes **Administrator Password Setup**, **LAN 1 TCP/IP and DHCP Setup** and **ISDN Setup**. The Vigor2200E model does not offer an ISDN interface and therefore does not have the **ISDN Setup** menu.

3.1.1 Changing the Administrator Password

For security reasons, we strongly recommend that you set an administrator password for the router. On first setup the router requires no password. If you don't set a password the router is open and can be logged into and settings changed by any user from the local network or the Internet.

Click "**Administrator Password Setup**", the following screen will open.



The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo on the left and "Router Web Configurator" on the right. Below the header is a red navigation bar containing the breadcrumb "> Basic Setup > Administrator Password Setup" on the left and "<< Main Menu" on the right. The main content area has a light yellow background and contains a white-bordered box with three text input fields: "Old Password :", "New Password :", and "Retype New Password :". Below these fields is a grey "OK" button. At the bottom of the screen is a blue footer with the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Old Password:

If this is the first time to set a password, leave this field blank.

New Password:

Enter an administrator password.

Retype New Password:

Type the password again for confirmation.

3.1.2 Configuring LAN 1 IP Address and DHCP Server

Each of the Vigor2200 series routers has two Ethernet interfaces, one is for connecting to local network users, the other is for connecting to an external broadband device (i.e. DSL modem/router or Cable modem). The LAN1 port is connected to the local Ethernet network. LAN 2 (WAN) is connected to the external broadband device.

There are two sets of IP address settings for the LAN 1 interface. The 1st IP address/netmask is for private users or NAT users, and the 2nd IP address/netmask is for public users. To allow public users requires you to have subscribed to a globally reachable subnet from your ISP.

For example, for some ISDN dial-up access, the ISP will assign a few public IP addresses for your local network usage. You could use one IP address for your router, the 2nd IP address/netmask should be configured using the public IP address. Other local PCs should set the router IP address as the default gateway. When the ISDN connection to the ISP has been established, each local PC will directly route to the Internet. Also, you could use the 1st IP address/netmask to connect to other private users (PCs). These users' IP addresses will be translated to the 2nd IP address by the router and sent out via ISDN.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. The title bar reads "DrayTek Router Web Configurator". Below the title bar, there is a navigation bar with "> Basic Setup > Ethernet TCP/IP and DHCP Setup" and "<< Main Menu". The main content area is divided into two columns: "LAN1 IP Network Configuration" and "DHCP Server Configuration".

LAN1 IP Network Configuration		DHCP Server Configuration	
For NAT Usage		Activate	: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
1st IP Address	: 192.168.1.1	Start IP Address	: 192.168.1.10
1st Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0	IP Pool Counts	: 50
For IP Routing Usage	: <input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	DNS Server IP Address	
2nd IP Address	: 192.168.1.1	Primary IP Address	: 168.95.1.1
2nd Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0	Secondary IP Address	: 168.95.192.1

Below the configuration fields is an "OK" button. At the bottom of the window, there is a copyright notice: "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

LAN 1 IP Network Configuration

1st IP Address: Private IP address for connecting to a local private network (Default: 192.168.1.1).

1st Subnet Mask: Netmask for the local private network (Default: 255.255.255.0/24).

For IP Routing Usage: (Default: Disable).

Enable: Enables the 2nd IP address settings.

Disable: Disables the 2nd IP address settings.

2nd IP Address: Sets a public IP address.

2nd Subnet Mask: Sets a netmask for the public IP address.

DHCP Server Configuration

DHCP stands for Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. It can automatically dispatch related IP settings to any local user configured as a DHCP client. The DHCP server supports up to 253 users (PCs) on

the local network.

Activate: (Default: Yes).

Yes: Enables the DHCP server.

No: Disables the DHCP server.

Start IP Address: Sets the start IP address of the IP address pool.

IP Pool Counts: Sets the number of IPs in the IP address pool.

DNS Server IP Address: (Default: None).

DNS stands for Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human friendly, easy to remember name such as www.yahoo.com. The DNS server converts the human friendly name into it's equivalent IP address.

Primary IP Address: Sets the IP address of the primary DNS server.

Secondary IP Address: Sets the IP address of the secondary DNS server.

Note:

If both the Primary IP and Secondary IP Address fields are left blank, the router will assign its own IP address to local users as a DNS proxy server and maintain a DNS cache. If the IP address of a Domain Name is already in the DNS cache, the router will resolve the Domain Name immediately. Otherwise, the router forwards the DNS query packet to the external DNS server by establishing a WAN (e.g. ISDN or DSL/Cable) connection.

3.1.3 Configuring the ISDN Interface

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Basic Setup > ISDN Setup << Main Menu

Country Code : <input type="text" value="International"/>	MSN numbers for the router
Own Number: : <input type="text"/>	1. : <input type="text"/>
"Own Number" means that the router will tell the remote end the ISDN number when it's placing an outgoing call.	2. : <input type="text"/>
	3. : <input type="text"/>
"MSN Numbers" means that the router is able to accept number-matched incoming calls. In addition, MSN service should be supported by the local ISDN network provider.	

OK

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This setup page is present in the Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X, absent in the Vigor2200E.

Country Code:

For proper function on your local ISDN network you should set the correct country code.

Own Number:

Sets your ISDN number. If the field has been configured, every outgoing call will carry the number to the called user.

MSN Numbers for the Router:

"MSN Numbers" means that the router is able to accept number-matched incoming calls. In addition, MSN service should be supported by local ISDN network provider. The router provides three MSN number fields. Note that MSN services must be subscribed for from your local telecom.

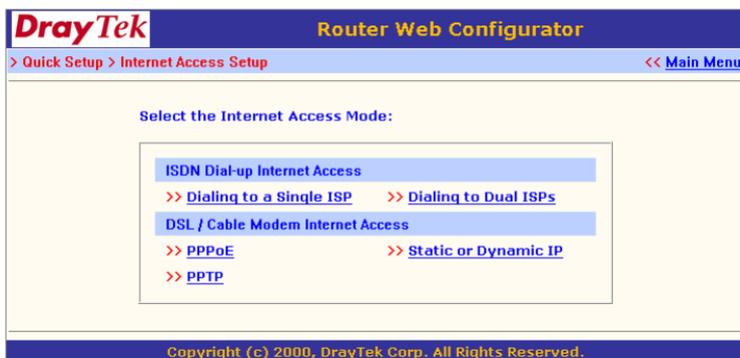
By default, MSN function is disabled (i.e. leave the MSN number fields blank) under which all incoming calls will be accepted

without number-matching.

Click OK to return to the **Main Setup Menu**.

3.2 Internet Access Setup

For most users, Internet access is the primary application. The Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X support the ISDN WAN interface for Internet access and remote access. The following sections will explain more details of ISDN dial-up access and broadband access setup. When you click “**Internet Access Setup**” from within the **Quick Setup** group, the following setup page will be shown.



Five methods are available for Internet Access.

Dialling to a Single ISP: If you access the Internet via a single ISP, click here.

Dialling to Dual ISPs: If you have more than one ISP, click here to set two ISP dialup profiles. You will be able to dial to both ISPs at the same time. This is mainly for those ISPs who do not support Multiple link PPP (ML-PPP). In such cases

dialling to two ISPs can increase the bandwidth utilization of the ISDN line to 128kbps data speed.

PPPoE: This is for most DSL modem users. All local users can share one PPPoE connection to access the Internet.

PPTP: Some DSL services providers supply a special DSL modem (e.g. Alcatel's DSL modem). This kind of modem only supports the PPTP tunnel method to access the Internet. In these cases, you create a PPTP tunnel, that carries a PPP session and terminates on the DSL modem. Once the tunnel has been established, this kind of DSL modem will forward the PPP session to the ISP. As long as the PPP session is connected, all the local users will be able to share this PPP session to access to the Internet.

Static or Dynamic IP: On this page you configure the LAN2/WAN interface to use a static (fixed) IP or dynamic (DHCP client) IP address. Most cable users will use the dynamic IP address mode to get a globally reachable IP address from the cable head-end system.

3.3 ISDN Dialup Internet Access

3.3.1 Connecting to a Single ISP

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu

Single ISP << Back

ISP Access Setup		PPP/MP Setup	
ISP Name	<input type="text" value="ISP_NAME"/>	Link Type	<input type="text" value="Dialup BOD"/>
Dial Number	<input type="text" value="12345678"/>	PPP Authentication	<input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/>
Username	<input type="text" value="user"/>	Idle Timeout	<input type="text" value="180"/> second(s)
Password	<input type="password" value="*****"/>	IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Require ISP callback (CBCP)		Fixed IP	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)
		Fixed IP Address	<input type="text"/>

OK

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ISP Access Setup

ISP Name: Enter your ISP name.

Dial Number: Enter the ISDN access number provided by your ISP.

Username: Enter the username provided by your ISP.

Password: Enter the password provided by your ISP.

Require ISP Callback (CBCP): If your ISP supports the callback function, check “**Require ISP Callback (CBCP)**” to enable the Callback Control Protocol during PPP negotiations.

PPP/MP Setup

Link type: There are four link types:

Link Disable

Disables the ISDN dial-out function.

Dialup 64Kbps

Uses one ISDN B channel for Internet access.

Dialup 128Kbps

Uses both ISDN B channels for Internet access.

Dialup BOD

BOD stands for bandwidth-on-demand. The router will use only one B channel under low traffic situations. Once the single B channel bandwidth is filled, the other B channel will be dialed automatically. For more detailed BOD parameter settings, refer to the “**Advanced Setup**” group > “**Call Control and PPP/MP Setup**”.

PPP Authentication:

PAP Only

Sets the PPP session to use the PAP protocol to negotiate the username and password with the ISP.

PAP or CHAP

Sets the PPP session to use the PAP or CHAP protocols to negotiate the username and password with the ISP.

Idle Timeout:

Idle timeout means the router will disconnect after being idle for a preset amount of time. The default is 180 seconds. If you set the time to 0, the ISDN connection will remain always connected to the ISP.

IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)

Fixed IP, and Fixed IP Address:

In most environments you should not change these settings as most ISPs provide a dynamic IP address for the router when it connects to the ISP. If your ISP provides a fixed IP address, check “**Yes**” and enter the preassigned IP address in the Fixed IP Address field.

3.3.2 Connecting to Dual ISPs

 Router Web Configurator	
> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu	
Dual ISP << Back	
Common Settings <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable Dual ISPs Function <input type="checkbox"/> Require ISP callback (CBCP) 	PPP/MP Setup <p>Link Type: <input type="text" value="Dialup BOD"/></p> <p>PPP Authentication: <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/></p> <p>Idle Timeout: <input type="text" value="180"/> second(s)</p>
Primary ISP Setup <p>ISP Name: <input type="text" value="ISP1"/></p> <p>Dial Number: <input type="text" value="12345678"/></p> <p>Username: <input type="text" value="user1"/></p> <p>Password: <input type="password" value="password"/></p>	Secondary ISP Setup <p>ISP Name: <input type="text" value="ISP2"/></p> <p>Dial Number: <input type="text" value="87654321"/></p> <p>Username: <input type="text" value="user2"/></p> <p>Password: <input type="password" value="password"/></p>
IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP) <p>Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)</p> <p>Fixed IP Address: <input type="text"/></p>	IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP) <p>Fixed IP: <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No (Dynamic IP)</p> <p>Fixed IP Address: <input type="text"/></p>
<input type="button" value="OK"/>	
<small>Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved.</small>	

Most configuration parameters are the same as that in the last section. This page provides an “**Enable Dual ISPs Function**” check box and adds a secondary ISP Setup section. Check the box and enter the second ISP information.

3.4 DSL/Cable Modem Internet Access

Before you connect a broadband access device, e.g. a DSL/Cable modem, to the router, you need to know what kind of Internet access is provided by your ISP.

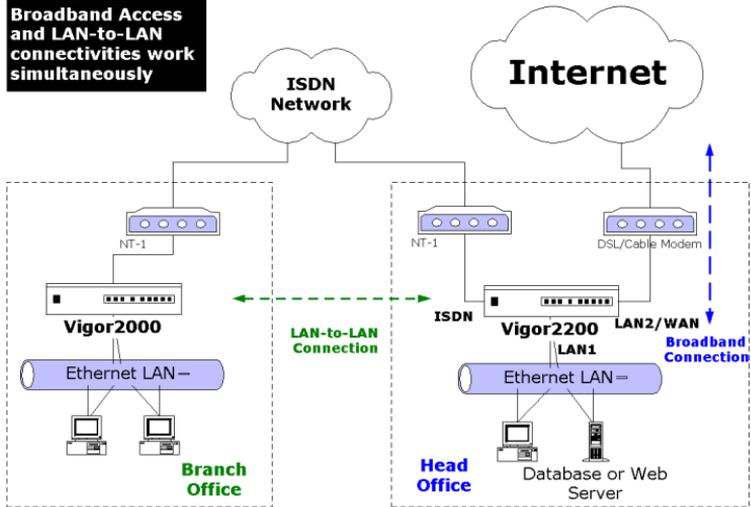
The following paragraphs deal with four widely-used broadband access services. These are **PPPoE Client**, **PPTP Client** and **Static IP** for DSL, and **Dynamic IP (DHCP Client)** for Cable. In most cases, you will get an DSL or Cable modem from the broadband access service provider. The router is connected behind the broadband device (i.e. DSL/Cable modem) and works as a NAT or IP router for broadband and ISDN connections.

In addition to broadband access capabilities, the **ISDN** port can do dial backup, or provide remote access and remote management functions to support more flexible network connectivity. The following application scenarios show that the head office is capable of getting on to the Internet through the Vigor2200 and a broadband device, and simultaneously connecting to the branch office via an ISDN network.

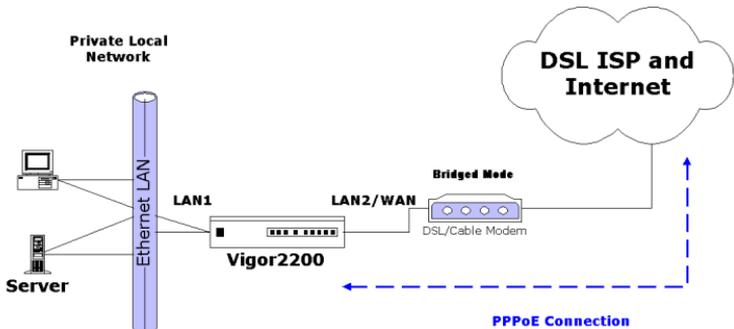
Note:

On the Vigor2200E the ISDN dial backup function, remote access, and LAN-to-LAN connectivity are not supported.

Broadband Access and LAN-to-LAN connectivities work simultaneously



3.4.1 Using PPPoE with a DSL Modem



Basic Setup & Internet Access

Click “Internet Access Setup” > “PPPoE” to enter the setup page.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu

PPPoE Client Mode << Back

PPPoE Setup

PPPoE Link Enable Disable

ISP Access Setup

ISP Name

Username

Password

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

Dial Backup Mode

PPP/MP Setup

PPP Authentication

Idle Timeout second(s)

IP Address Assignment Method (IPCP)

Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP)

Fixed IP Address

OK

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PPPoE Setup

PPPoE Link: Check “Enable” to enable the PPPoE client protocol on the LAN2 interface.

ISP Access Setup

ISP Name: Enter the ISP name.

Username: Enter the ISP supplied username.

Password: Enter the ISP supplied password.

PPP/MP Setup

PPP Authentication: Select “PAP or CHAP” for widest compatibility.

Idle Timeout: Idle timeout means the router will disconnect after being idle for a preset amount of time. The default is 180 seconds. If you set the time to 0, the PPP session will not terminate itself.

Fixed IP: Check “No (Dynamic IP)” unless your ISP has pro-

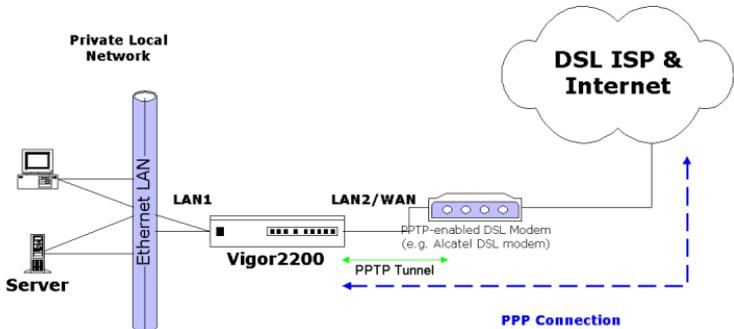
vided you with a static IP address.

Fixed IP Address: If your ISP has provided you with a static IP address enter it here.

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

This item will be described in more detail in section 3.4.5.

3.4.2 Using PPTP with a DSL Modem



PPTP Setup

PPTP Link: Check “Enable” to enable a PPTP client to establish a tunnel to an DSL modem on the LAN2 interface.

PPTP Server IP Address: Specifies the IP address of the PPTP-enabled DSL modem. Refer to the user manual of the PPTP-enabled DSL modem.

Click “Internet Access Setup” > “PPTP” to enter the setup page. The following setup page is just for example. The exact settings should be provided by your DSL service provider.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu

PPTP Client Mode << Back

PPTP Setup

PPTP Link Enable Disable

PPTP Server IP Address

ISP Access Setup

ISP Name

Username

Password

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

Dial Backup Mode

PPP Setup

PPP Authentication

Idle Timeout second(s)

Fixed IP Yes No (Dynamic IP)

Fixed IP Address

LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings

Obtain an IP address automatically

Specify an IP address

IP Address

Subnet Mask

OK

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ISP Access Setup

ISP Name: Enter the ISP name.

Username: Enter the ISP supplied username.

Password: Enter the ISP supplied password.

PPP Setup

PPP Authentication: Select “PAP or CHAP” for widest compatibility.

Idle Timeout: Idle timeout means the router will disconnect after being idle for a preset amount of time. The default is 180 seconds. If you set the time to 0, the PPP session will not terminate itself.

Fixed IP: Check “No (Dynamic IP)” unless your ISP has provided you with a static IP address.

Fixed IP Address: If your ISP has provided you with a static IP address enter it here.

LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings

Obtain an IP address automatically: Sets the LAN2/WAN interface as a DHCP client that will ask for the IP network settings from the DHCP server or PPTP-enabled DSL modem.

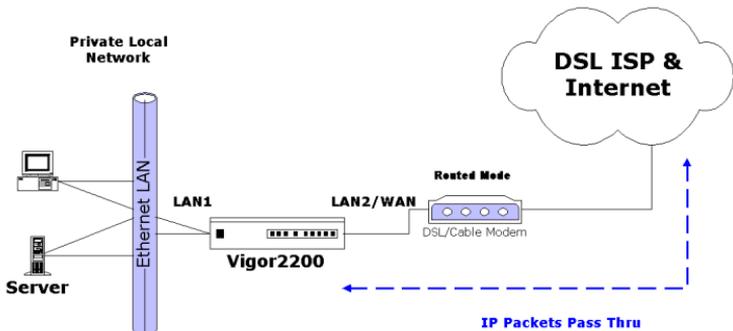
Specify an IP address: If you are not sure whether there are any DHCP services on the LAN2/WAN interface, you also can manually assign an IP address to the interface. Note that the IP Address and Subnet Mask should be assigned within the same network as the PPTP-enabled DSL modem.

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

This item will be described in more detail in section 3.4.5.

3.4.3 Using a Static IP with a DSL/Cable Modem

In this application, you receive a fixed public IP address or a public subnet from your DSL or Cable ISP. In most cases, a Cable ISP will provide a fixed public IP, while a DSL ISP will provide a public subnet. If you have a public subnet, you should choose an IP address to assign to the LAN2/WAN interface.



Basic Setup & Internet Access

Click “Internet Access Setup” > “Static or Dynamic IP” to enter the setup page.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu

Static or Dynamic IP (DHCP Client) << Back

Access Control

Broadband Access:

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

Dial Backup Mode:

LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings

Obtain an IP address automatically

Router Name: *

Domain Name: *

*: Required for some ISPs

Default MAC Address

Specify a MAC Address

MAC Address:

· · : · ·

Specify an IP address

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Gateway IP Address:

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Access Control

Broadband Access: Select “Enable” to turn on the broadband access capability.

ISDN DIAL Backup Setup

This item will be described in more detail in section 3.4.5

LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings

Specify an IP address: As we are using a static IP, you have to select the option to specify an IP Address, Subnet Mask, and Gateway IP Address. Click “OK”.

Note:

The router should be restarted to allow the settings to take effect.

3.4.4 Using a Dynamic IP (DHCP Client) with a Cable Modem

This application is mostly used by Cable ISPs. Click “**Internet Access Setup**” > “**Static or Dynamic IP**” to enter the setup page.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

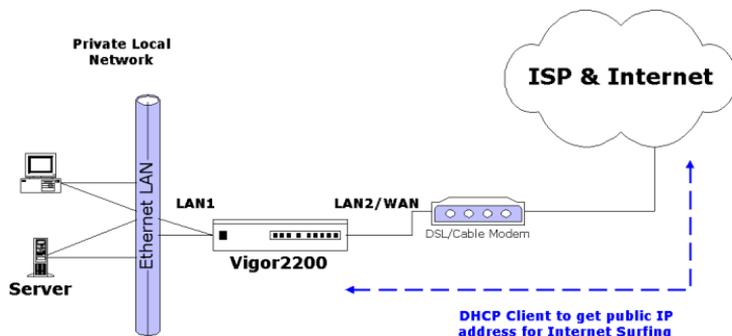
> Quick Setup > Internet Access Setup << Main Menu

Static or Dynamic IP (DHCP Client) << Back

Access Control	LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings
Broadband Access: <input type="text" value="Enable"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically
ISDN Dial Backup Setup	Router Name: <input type="text" value="vigor2200"/> *
Dial Backup Mode: <input type="text" value="None"/>	Domain Name: <input type="text"/>
	* : Required for some ISPs
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address
	<input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address
	MAC Address:
	<input type="text" value="00"/> · <input type="text" value="50"/> · <input type="text" value="7F"/> : <input type="text" value="FF"/> · <input type="text" value="FF"/> · <input type="text" value="FF"/>
	<input type="radio"/> Specify an IP address
	IP Address: <input type="text" value="172.16.2.30"/>
	Subnet Mask: <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
	Gateway IP Address: <input type="text" value="172.16.2.1"/>

OK

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Access Control

Broadband Access: Select “**Enable**” to turn on the broadband access capability.

LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings

Obtains an IP address automatically: The option must be enabled.

Router Name: Depending on your Cable ISP this option may or may not be left blank. Some ISPs require this name for access authentication.

Domain Name: Depending on your Cable ISP this field may or may not be left blank.

Default MAC Address & Specify a MAC Address: These two options are mutually exclusive. Some Cable ISPs use a specific MAC address for access authentication. In such cases you need to check the “**Specify a MAC Address**” box and enter the MAC address in the MAC Address fields. The Default MAC Address of the router is the MAC address assigned by DrayTek.

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

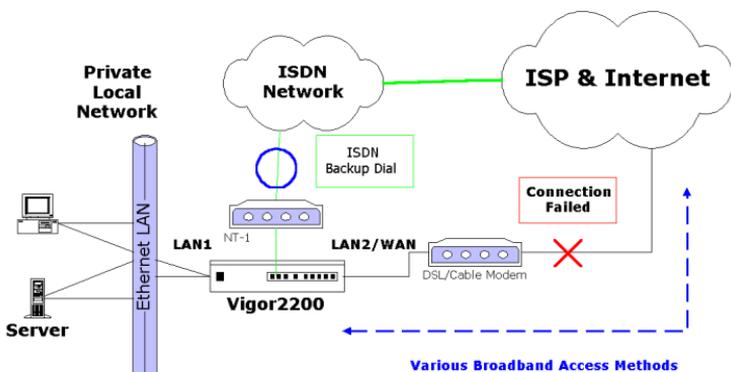
This item is described in more detail in section 3.4.5

Click “OK” and restart the router to allow the settings to take affect.

Note:

In the most cases, the only setting you need make is to check “Obtain an IP address automatically”.

3.4.5 Configuring ISDN Dial Backup



As the Vigor2200E has no ISDN interface, it does not support the ISDN dial backup function. Therefore, the following setup options will not be available for this model.

ISDN Dial Backup Setup

Dial Backup Mode:

None:

Disables the backup function.

Packet Trigger:

The backup line is disconnected until a packet from a local host triggers the router to establish a connection.

Always On:

If the broadband connection is no longer available, the backup line will automatically connect and stay always-on until the broadband connection is recovered.

For ISDN Dial Backup to function, you must create a dial backup profile. Click “**Internet Access Setup**” > “**Dialling to a Single ISP**” to enter the backup profile setup page. Refer to section 3.3.1 for details.

4

Remote Access

4.1 Introduction to Remote Access

4.2 Remote Dial-in Access

4.3 LAN-to-LAN Access

This chapter explains the capabilities of remote access on the Vigor2200 series routers. Use the following setup links on the Setup Main Menu to setup remote access functions.

Quick Setup

> Remote Dial-In Access Setup

Quick Setup

- >> [Internet Access Setup](#)
- >> [Remote Dial-In Access Setup](#)
- >> [Virtual TA \(Remote CAPI\) Setup](#)

Advanced Setup

> Remote Dial-In User Setup

> LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile Setup

Advanced Setup

- >> [Call Control and PPP/MP Setup](#)
- >> [NAT Setup](#)
- >> [Static Route Setup](#)
- >> [Remote Dial-In User Setup](#)
- >> [LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile Setup](#)
- >> [IP Filter/Firewall Setup](#)

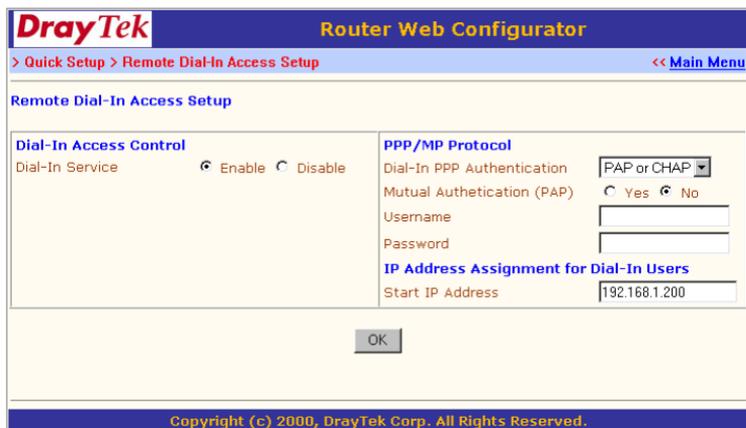
4.1 Introduction to Remote Access

Here the term “Remote Access” covers two types of remote access. The first, “Remote Dial-In Access” means the router allows normal ISDN TA users or NAT routers (IP sharing routers) to dial into the router for sharing the network resources of the local network, or for surfing the Internet via a broadband device connected to the LAN2/WAN port. The other remote access function, “LAN-to-LAN Access”, provides a solution to connect two independent LANs for mutual sharing of network resources. For example, the head office network can access the branch office network, and vice versa.

4.2 Remote Dial-In Access

4.2.1 Activating Remote Dial-In

In the Quick Setup group of the Setup Main Menu, click “Remote Dial-In Access Setup” to enter the setup page.



Dial-In Access Control		PPP/MP Protocol	
Dial-In Service	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	Dial-In PPP Authentication	<input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/>
		Mutual Authentication (PAP)	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
		Username	<input type="text"/>
		Password	<input type="text"/>
		IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users	
		Start IP Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.1.200"/>

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Dial-In Access Control

Dial-In Service: Check “Enable” to allow dial-in service. Note

that if you check “Disable”, the router will not accept any incoming ISDN calls.

PPP/MP Setup

Dial-In PPP Authentication:

PAP: Selecting this option will force the router to authenticate dial-in users with the PAP protocol.

PAP or CHAP: Selecting this option means the router will attempt to authenticate dial-in users with the CHAP protocol first. If the dial-in user does not support this protocol, it will fall back to use the PAP protocol for authentication.

Mutual Authentication (PAP): Enable this only if the connecting router requires mutual authentication. By default, the option is set to **No**.

IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users

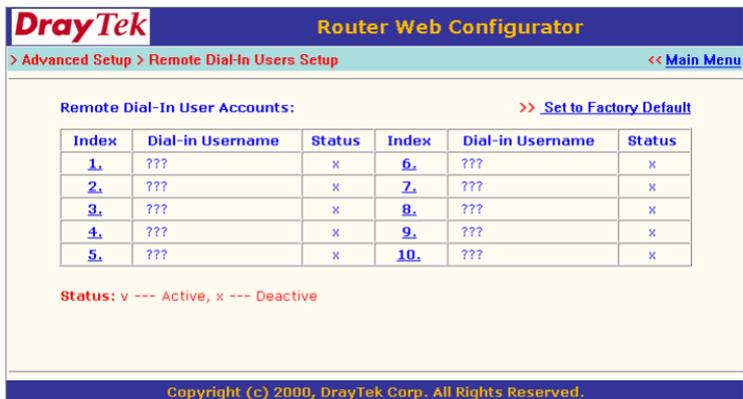
Start IP Address: Enter a start IP address to be assigned to the dial-in PPP connection. You should choose an IP address from the local private network. For example, if the local private network is 192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0, you could choose 192.168.1.200 to be the Start IP Address.

Because one ISDN BRI has two independent data channels (B-channels), it's possible to allow two dial-in users at the same time. The first dial-in user would be assigned the start IP address, the second would be assigned the start IP address plus 1.

Click “**OK**”

4.2.2 Creating an Access Account for a Dial-in User

After activating the dial-in capability, you must create an access account for each dial-in user. From the Advanced Setup menu, click “Remote Dial-In User Setup” opens the page shown below. The router provides 10 access accounts for dial-in users.



DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > Remote Dial-In Users Setup << Main Menu

Remote Dial-In User Accounts: >> [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Dial-in Username	Status	Index	Dial-in Username	Status
1.	???	x	6.	???	x
2.	???	x	7.	???	x
3.	???	x	8.	???	x
4.	???	x	9.	???	x
5.	???	x	10.	???	x

Status: v --- Active, x --- Deactive

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Set to Factory Default: Clicking here will clear all dial-in user accounts.

Index: Click the index number to open an individual setup page for detailed setting of each account.

Dial-In Username: The “???” means the access account is free. If an access account has been configured, the username will be shown.

Status: The symbol “v” means the account is active, “x” means inactive.

Click the index number of an account to open an individual setup page for detailed setting.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> [Advanced Setup](#) > [Remote Dial-In User Setup](#) << [Main Menu](#)

Index No. 1 << [Back](#) | [Clear](#) |

User account and Authentication	Callback Function
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click to enable the user account	<input type="checkbox"/> Click to enable Callback function
Username: <input type="text" value="DialinUser"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Specify the callback number
Password: <input type="password" value="*****"/>	Callback Number: <input type="text"/>
Idle Timeout: <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Click to enable Callback Budget Control
<input type="checkbox"/> Click to enable CLID authentication	Callback Budget: <input type="text" value="30"/> minute(s)
Peer ISDN Number: <input type="text"/>	

OK

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User Account and Authentication

Check to enable the user account: Check this item to activate the individual user account.

Username: Specifies a username for the specific dial-in user.

Password: Specifies a password for the specific dial-in user.

Idle Timeout: By default, set to 300 seconds. If the dial-in user is idle for over the limit set by the timer, the router will drop the connection.

Check to enable CLID authentication: For extra security, enables the option to allow the dial-in user to call only from a specific number. CLID stands for Calling Line Identification.

Peer ISDN Number: If CLID authentication has been enabled, enter the dial-in user's ISDN number.

Callback Function

The callback function provides a callback service for the dial-in user.

The router owner will be charged the connection fee by the telecom.

Check to enable the Callback function: Enables the callback function.

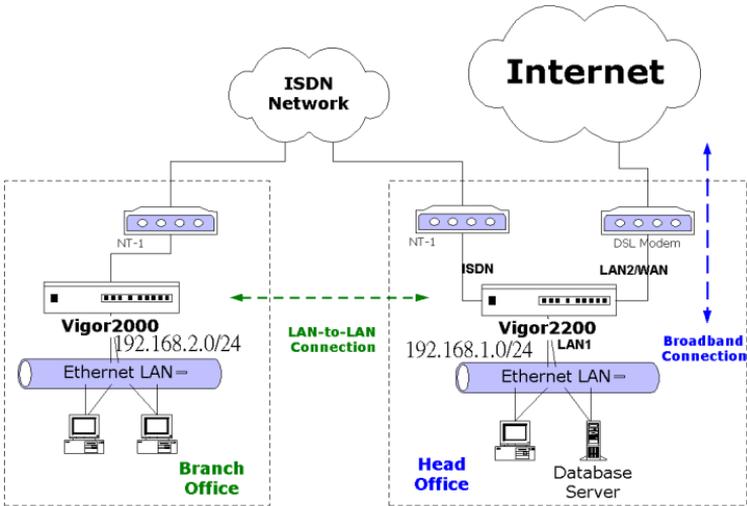
Specify the callback number: The option is for extra security. Once enabled, the router will only call back to the specified ISDN number defined in the next parameter, Callback Number.

Callback Number: If the previous option has been enabled, enter the dial-in user's ISDN line number here.

Check to enable Callback Budget Control: By default, the callback function has a time restriction. Once the callback budget has been exhausted, the callback mechanism will be disabled automatically.

Callback Budget (Unit: minutes): Specifies the time budget for the dial-in user. The budget will be decreased automatically per callback connection.

4.3 LAN-to-LAN Access



The following sections are based on the network layout above to describe how to set up a LAN-to-LAN profile to connect two private networks. In the above network layout, the private network 192.168.1.0/24 is located at head office, the off-site branch office's network is 192.168.2.0/24.

Before you begin to setup a LAN-to-LAN profile for each network, you should gather the information shown in the following table.

	Head Office	Branch Office
Network ID	192.168.1.0/24	192.168.2.0/24
Router IP address/netmask	192.168.1.1/24	192.168.2.1/24
Assigned IP for dial-in connection	192.168.1.200	192.168.2.200
Access Account	UN: head PW: head	UN: branch PW: branch
ISDN line number	1000	2000
Callback Function	Disable	Disable

4.3.1 Activating the Remote Dial-In Capability

In the Quick Setup group of the Setup Main Menu, click “Remote Dial-In Access Setup” to enter the setup page. See 4.2 Remote Dial-In Access for a full explanation of the fields on this page.

Head Office:

DrayTek
Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Remote Dial-In Access Setup
<< Main Menu

Remote Dial-In Access Setup

<p>Dial-In Access Control</p> <p>Dial-In Service <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable</p>	<p>PPP/MP Protocol</p> <p>Dial-In PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/> <input type="button" value="v"/></p> <p>Mutual Authentication (PAP) <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No</p> <p>Username <input type="text"/></p> <p>Password <input type="text"/></p> <p>IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users</p> <p>Start IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.1.200"/></p>
--	--

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Remote Access

Because the Head Office's network is 192.168.1.0/24, the settings should be as below:

Dial-In Service: Enable

Start IP Address: 192.168.1.200

Branch Office:

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. The title bar reads "DrayTek Router Web Configurator". The breadcrumb navigation is "> Quick Setup > Remote Dial-In Access Setup" with a "<< Main Menu" link. The page title is "Remote Dial-In Access Setup".

Dial-In Access Control	PPP/MP Protocol
Dial-In Service <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	Dial-In PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/>
	Mutual Authentication (PAP) <input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
	Username <input type="text"/>
	Password <input type="text"/>
	IP Address Assignment for Dial-In Users
	Start IP Address <input type="text" value="192.168.2.200"/>

OK

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Because the Branch Office's network is 192.168.2.0/24, the settings should be as below:

Dial-In Service: Enable

Start IP Address: 192.168.2.200

4.3.2 Creating a LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile

After enabling the Dial-in service, you must create a LAN-to-LAN profile for each network. Click "LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile" on the Setup Main Menu to enter the setup page as below.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> [Advanced Setup](#) > [LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile Setup](#) << [Main Menu](#)

LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profiles: >> [Set to Factory Default](#)

Index	Name	Status	Index	Name	Status
1.	???	x	9.	???	x
2.	???	x	10.	???	x
3.	???	x	11.	???	x
4.	???	x	12.	???	x
5.	???	x	13.	???	x
6.	???	x	14.	???	x
7.	???	x	15.	???	x
8.	???	x	16.	???	x

Status: v --- Active, x --- Deactive

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The router provides 16 LAN-to-LAN profiles for connecting to up to 16 different remote networks.

Set to Factory Default: Clicking here will clear all the LAN-to-LAN profiles.

Index: Click a number in the Index to open a detailed settings page for each profile.

Name: Indicates the name of the LAN-to-LAN profile. The symbol “???” means the profile is available.

Status: Indicates the status of the individual profiles. The symbol “v” means the profile is active, “x” that it is inactive.

Click an index number to open an individual LAN-to-LAN profile settings page.

Profile Index : 1 << Back Clear	
1. Common Settings	
Profile Name <input type="text" value="???"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile	Call Direction <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-In Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)
2. Dial-Out Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="text"/> Dial Number <input type="text"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/> PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off Callback Function (CBCP) <input type="checkbox"/> Require Remote to Callback <input type="checkbox"/> Provide ISDN Number to Remote
3. Dial-In Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="???"/> Password <input type="text"/> <input type="checkbox"/> Enable CLID Authentication Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/> PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/> VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off Callback Function (CBCP) <input type="checkbox"/> Enable Callback Function <input type="checkbox"/> Use the Following Number to Callback Callback Number <input type="text"/> Callback Budget <input type="text" value="0"/> minute(s)
4. TCP/IP Network Settings	
My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/> Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	RIP Direction <input type="text" value="TX/RX Both"/> RIP Version <input type="text" value="Ver. 2"/> Exchange RIP Packets <input type="text" value="1st Subnet"/>

Each LAN-to-LAN profile includes 4 subgroups: Common Settings, Dial-Out Settings, Dial-In Settings, and TCP/IP Network Settings. The following will explain each subgroup in detail.

Common Settings

Profile Name: Specifies a name for the remote network.

Enable this profile: Check here to activate this profile.

Call Direction: Specifies the call direction for this profile. **Both**

means it can be used for outgoing and incoming access. **Dial-Out** means it can only be used for outgoing access. **Dial-In** allows only incoming access.

Idle Timeout: By default, set to 300 seconds. If the profiles connection is idle for over the limit set by the timer, the router will drop the connection.

Dial-Out Settings

Username: Specifies a username for authentication by the remote router.

Password: Specifies a password for authentication by the remote router.

Dial Number: Specifies the destination ISDN number for dialup.

Link Type: Indicates the dial-out link type.

Disable: Deactivates the dial-out action.

64k bps: Specifies the outgoing connection speed is restricted to 64kbps (one B-channel).

128k bps: Specifies the outgoing connection speed is 128kbps (two B-channels).

BOD: Specifies the link type to be dynamic bandwidth control (Bandwidth-on-Demand).

PPP Authentication: Specifies the authentication method. Normally set to PAP/CHAP for the widest compatibility.

VJ Compression: VJ Compression means TCP/IP protocol header compression. Normally set to "Yes" to improve bandwidth utilization.

Callback Function (CBCP)

The callback function is implemented by the CBCP protocol which is one of the PPP protocol suite.

Require Remote to Callback: Inactive by default. When active, the router exchanges connection information with the remote router and requires the remote router to call back to make a connection.

Provide ISDN Number to Remote: In some cases, the remote router requires the ISDN number for calling back. Check here to allow the local router to send the ISDN number to the remote router.

Dial-In Settings

Username: Specifies an username to authenticate the dial-in router.

Password: Specifies a password to authenticate the dial-in router.

Enable CLID Authentication: Limits the dial-in router to be called from a specific ISDN number.

Peer ISDN Number: If CLID Authentication is enabled, enter the remote router's ISDN number in this field

Link Type: Refer to **Dial-Out Settings**.

PPP Authentication: Refer to **Dial-Out Settings**.

Callback Function (CBCP)

Enable Callback Function: Checking here allows this router to accept requests from a remote router for call back.

Use Following Number to Callback & Callback Number: Check here and enter a callback number for the router to call.

Callback Budget: Specifies a time budget for the callback function. By default the value is zero, which means no budget for calling back.

TCP/IP Network Settings

The following settings are required for proper LAN-to-LAN operation.

My WAN IP: In most cases you may accept the default value 0.0.0.0 in this field. The router will then get a WAN IP address from the remote router during the IPCP negotiation phase. If the WAN IP address is fixed by remote, specify the fixed IP address here.

Remote Gateway IP: Specify the IP address of the remote router.

Remote Network IP: Specify the network identification of the remote network. For example, 192.168.1.0 is a network identification of a class-C subnet with netmask 255.255.255.0 (/24).

Remote Network Mask: Specify the netmask of the remote network.

RIP Direction: The option specifies the direction of RIP (Routing Information Protocol) packets through the ISDN WAN connection.

RIP Version: Selects the RIP protocol version. Specify Ver. 2 for greatest compatibility.

Exchange RIP Packets: The router has two local IP networks: the 1st subnet and 2nd subnet. Here you set which subnet will exchange RIP packets with the remote network. Usually set to 1st subnet for routing between the 1st subnet and the remote network.

Recall the LAN-to-LAN example described in section 4.3. The LAN-to-LAN Dialer Profile could be configured as below.

Head Office:

1. Common Settings	
Profile Name <input type="text" value="Branch"/>	Call Direction <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-In
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile	Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)
2. Dial-Out Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="head"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/>
Password <input type="password" value="*****"/>	PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/>
Dial Number <input type="text" value="2000"/>	VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
	Callback Function (CBCP)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Require Remote to Callback
	<input type="checkbox"/> Provide ISDN Number to Remote
3. Dial-In Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="branch"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/>
Password <input type="password" value="*****"/>	PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable CLID Authentication	VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/>	Callback Function (CBCP)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Callback Function
	<input type="checkbox"/> Use the Following Number to Callback
	Callback Number <input type="text"/>
	Callback Budget <input type="text" value="0"/> minute(s)
4. TCP/IP Network Settings	
My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	RIP Direction <input type="text" value="TX/RX Both"/>
Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="192.168.2.1"/>	RIP Version <input type="text" value="Ver. 2"/>
Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="192.168.2.0"/>	Exchange RIP Packets <input type="text" value="1st Subnet"/>
Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	

Branch Office:

1. Common Settings	
Profile Name <input type="text" value="Head"/>	Call Direction <input checked="" type="radio"/> Both <input type="radio"/> Dial-Out <input type="radio"/> Dial-In
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable this profile	Idle Timeout <input type="text" value="300"/> second(s)
2. Dial-Out Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="branch"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/>
Password <input type="password" value="password"/>	PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/>
Dial Number <input type="text" value="1000"/>	VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
	Callback Function (CBCP)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Require Remote to Callback
	<input type="checkbox"/> Provide ISDN Number to Remote
3. Dial-In Settings	
Username <input type="text" value="head"/>	Link Type <input type="text" value="64k bps"/>
Password <input type="password" value="head"/>	PPP Authentication <input type="text" value="PAP/CHAP"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable CLID Authentication	VJ Compression <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/> Off
Peer ISDN Number <input type="text"/>	Callback Function (CBCP)
	<input type="checkbox"/> Enable Callback Function
	<input type="checkbox"/> Use the Following Number to Callback
	Callback Number <input type="text"/>
	Callback Budget <input type="text" value="0"/> minute(s)
4. TCP/IP Network Settings	
My WAN IP <input type="text" value="0.0.0.0"/>	RIP Direction <input type="text" value="TX/FX Both"/>
Remote Gateway IP <input type="text" value="192.168.1.1"/>	RIP Version <input type="text" value="Ver. 2"/>
Remote Network IP <input type="text" value="192.168.1.0"/>	Exchange RIP Packets <input type="text" value="1st Subnet"/>
Remote Network Mask <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>	

5

Advanced Setup

5.1 Enabling the Remote Activation Function

5.2 Call Control Setup

5.3 Configuring the BOD Parameters

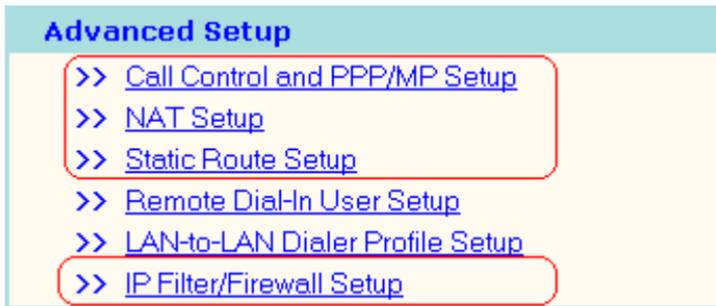
5.4 NAT Setup

5.5 Static Route Setup

5.6 IP Filter/Firewall Setup

Advanced Setup

This chapter explains the options available in Advanced Setup:



Advanced Setup

> **Call Control and PPP/MP Setup**

> **NAT Setup**

> **Static Route Setup**

> **IP Filter/Firewall Setup**

As the Vigor2200E model does not feature an ISDN interface, Call Control and PPP/MP Setup will not be available.

As you click "**Call Control and PPP/MP Setup**" will open the setup page as below. The page will describe in the following three sections for specific application.

DrayTek		Router Web Configurator	
> Advanced Setup > Call Control and PPP / MP Setup		<< Main Menu	
Call Control Setup			
Dial Retry	<input type="text" value="0"/> times	Remote Activation	<input type="text"/>
Dial Delay Interval	<input type="text" value="0"/> second(s)		
PPP/MP Dial-Out Setup			
Basic Setup		Bandwidth On Demand (BOD) Setup	
Link Type	<input type="text" value="Dialup BOD"/>	High Water Mark	<input type="text" value="7000"/> cps
PPP Authentication	<input type="text" value="PAP or CHAP"/>	High Water Time	<input type="text" value="30"/> second(s)
TCP Header Compression	<input type="text" value="None"/>	Low Water Mark	<input type="text" value="6000"/> cps
Idle Timeout	<input type="text" value="180"/> second(s)	Low Water Time	<input type="text" value="30"/> second(s)
<input type="button" value="OK"/>			
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5.1 Enabling the Remote Activation Function

Some applications require that the router be remotely activated, or dial up to the ISP using the ISDN interface. For instance, if you are a user who accesses the Internet via ISDN from home, usually the dialup connection is idle when you are not at home. It may be that while working in the office, you want to get some files from home. This function allows you to make a phone call to the router and ask it to dial up to the ISP. Then you access your home network to retrieve the files. Of course, you have to have a fixed IP address and expose some internal network resources, such as FTP, WWW etc.

Click **“Call Control and PPP/MP Setup”** and specify a phone number in the Remote Activation field.

Remote Activation

12345678

If the router accepts a call from the number 12345678, it will disconnect immediately and dial to the ISP. Note that “**Internet Access Setup**” > “**Dialling to a Single ISP**” should be preset properly.

5.2 Call Control Setup

On the “**Call Control and PPP/MP Setup**” setup page, you will see **Dial Retry** and **Dial Delay Interval**.

Dial Retry

times

Dial Delay Interval

second(s)

These two parameters set global settings for ISDN dialup access.

Dial Retry: Specifies the dial retry counts per triggered packet. A triggered packet is any packet whose destination is outside the local network. The default settings is no dial retry. If set to 5, for each triggered packet, the router will dial 5 times until it is connected to the ISP or remote access router.

Dial Delay Interval: Specifies the interval between dialup retries. By default, the interval is 0 seconds.

5.3 Configuring the BOD Parameters

BOD stands for bandwidth-on-demand for Multiple Link PPP (ML-PPP or MP). Click “**Call Control and PPP/MP Setup**” to see the following settings.

Bandwidth On Demand (BOD) Setup

High Water Mark	<input type="text" value="7000"/> cps
High Water Time	<input type="text" value="30"/> second(s)
Low Water Mark	<input type="text" value="6000"/> cps
Low Water Time	<input type="text" value="30"/> second(s)

These parameters are activated when you set the **Link Type** to **Dialup BOD**. Usually the ISDN will use one B channel to access the Internet or remote network when you use the Dialup BOD link type. The router will use the parameters here to make a decision on when to activate/drop the additional B channel. Note that **cps** (characters-per-second) measures the total link utilization.

High Water Mark and High Water Time: These parameters specify the conditions under which the second channel will be activated. When the utilization of the first connected channel goes over the High Water Mark and past the High Water Time, the additional channel will be activated. The link speed will then be 128kbps (two B channels).

Low Water Mark and Low Water Time: These parameters specify the conditions under which the second channel will be dropped. When the two B channel's utilization is under the Low Water Mark and past the High Water Time, the additional channel will be dropped. The link speed will be 64kbps (one B channel).

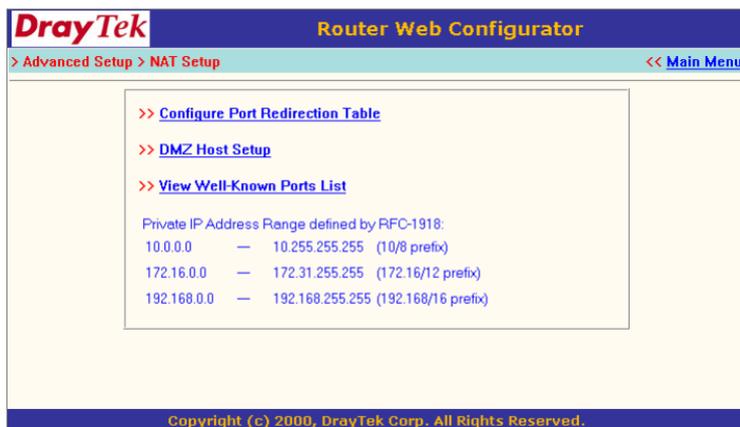
Note:

If you are not familiar with ISDN and ML-PPP's operation, be wary of changing the default values.

5.4 NAT Setup

Usually you will use the router as a NAT-enabled router. NAT stands for Network Address Translation. It means the router gets one (in Single ISP, PPPoE, PPTP) or two (in Dual ISPs mode) globally routeable IP addresses from the ISP. Local hosts will use private network IP addresses defined by RFC-1918 to communicate with the router. The router translates the private network addresses to a globally routeable IP address, which is then used to access the Internet. The following explains NAT features for specific applications.

Click “**NAT Setup**” to open the setup page. On the page you will see the private IP address definitions defined in RFC-1918. Usually we use the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet for the router.



5.4.1 Exposing Internal Servers to the Public Domain

The Port Redirection Table may be used to expose internal servers to the public domain or open a specific port number to internal hosts. Internet hosts can use the WAN IP address to access internal network services, such as FTP, WWW, etc.

The following example shows how an internal FTP server is exposed to the public domain. The internal FTP server is running on the local host addressed as 192.168.1.10.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > NAT Setup > Port Redirection << Main Menu

Port Redirection Table << Back

Index	Service Name	Protocol	Public Port	Private IP	Private Port	Active
1	FTP	TCP	21	192.168.1.10	21	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
3		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
4		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
5		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
6		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
7		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
8		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
9		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>
10		--	0		0	<input type="checkbox"/>

OK

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As shown above, the **Port Redirection Table** provides 10 port-mapping entries for internal hosts.

Service Name: Specifies the name for the specific network service.

Protocol: Specifies the transport layer protocol which is supported TCP and UDP options.

Public Port: Specifies which port should be redirected to the internal host.

Private IP: Specifies the private IP address of the internal host offering the service.

Private Port: Specifies the private port number of the service offered by the internal host.

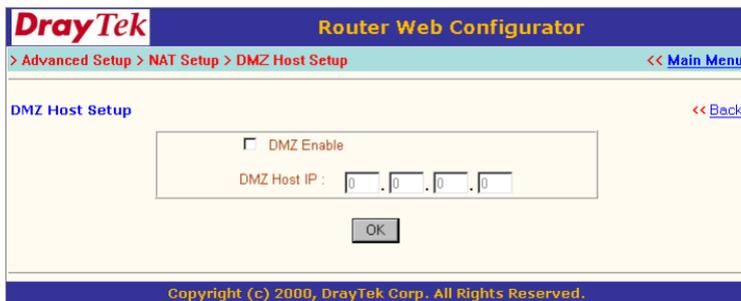
Active: Check here to activate the port-mapping entry.

5.4.2 DMZ Host Setup

Click “**DMZ Host Setup**” to open the setup page. The DMZ Host settings allow a defined internal user to be exposed to the Internet to use some special-purpose applications such as Netmeeting or Internet Games etc.

DMZ Enable: Check to enable the DMZ Host function.

DMZ Host IP: Enter the IP address of DMZ host.



The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header is a navigation bar with the path "> Advanced Setup > NAT Setup > DMZ Host Setup" and a link "<< Main Menu". The main content area is titled "DMZ Host Setup" and contains a form with a checkbox labeled "DMZ Enable" and a text field for "DMZ Host IP" with four input boxes for the IP address (0, 0, 0, 0). An "OK" button is located below the form. A link "<< Back" is visible in the top right corner of the form area. At the bottom of the page, there is a blue footer with the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

5.4.3 Well-known Port Number List

This page provides some well-known port numbers for your reference.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator		
> Advanced Setup > NAT Setup > Port Redirection		<< Main Menu
Well-Known Ports List << Back		
Service/Application	Protocol	Port Number
File Transfer Protocol (FTP)	TCP	21
SSH Remote Login Protocol (ex. pcAnywhere)	UDP	22
Telnet	TCP	23
Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)	TCP	25
Domain Name Server (DNS)	UDP	53
WWW Server (HTTP)	TCP	80
Post Office Protocol ver.3 (POP3)	TCP	110
Network News Transfer Protocol (NNTP)	TCP	119
Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol (PPTP)	TCP	1723
pcANYWHEREdata	TCP	5631
pcANYWHEREstat	UDP	5632
WinVNC	TCP	5900
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5.5 Static Route Setup

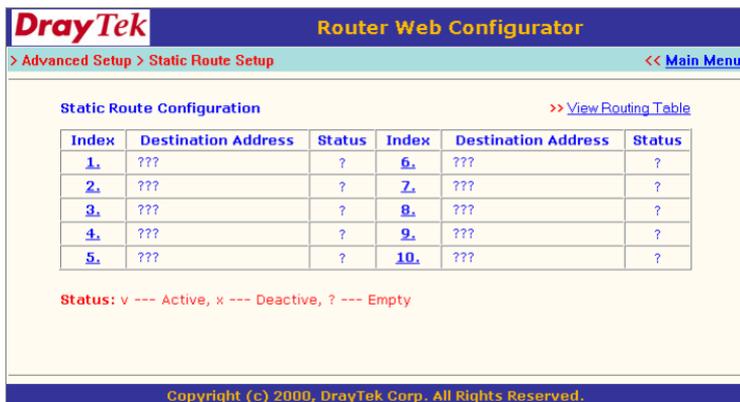
Vigor2200 series routers can also be set to operate as pure IP routers. You should specify the IP network configuration for the LAN1 interface using the 2nd IP address and 2nd subnet mask fields on the “**LAN1 TCP/IP and DHCP Setup**” page, and for the LAN2 interface using “**Internet Access Setup**” > “**Static or Dynamic IP**” (See Chapter 3.2 Internet Access Setup).

Note:

The Vigor2200 series routers have RIP (Routing Information Protocol) built-in by default. If the remote routers have the same protocol, the RIP will be used for exchanging routing information. Here, the **Static Route Setup** just provides a way to guide specified IP packets through specified routers statically.

In this application, you may want to assign static routing rules for LAN1 or LAN2. **Static Route Setup** provides this function. The router supports 10 static route rules for your configurations. Click the

numbers in the index to enter the setup page for each rule.



DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > Static Route Setup << Main Menu

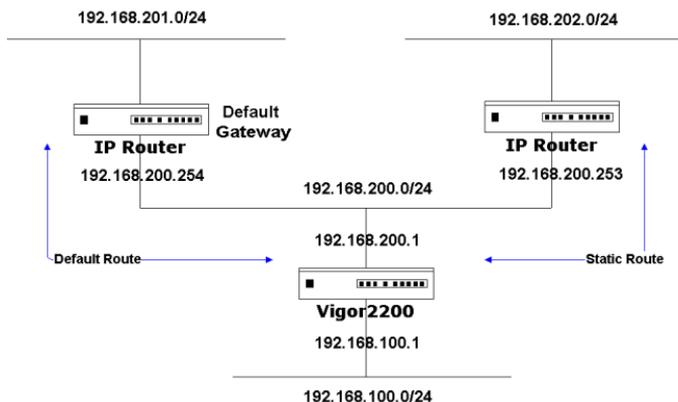
Static Route Configuration >> View Routing Table

Index	Destination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
1.	???	?	6.	???	?
2.	???	?	7.	???	?
3.	???	?	8.	???	?
4.	???	?	9.	???	?
5.	???	?	10.	???	?

Status: v --- Active, x --- Deactive, ? --- Empty

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The following gives a network example with more detailed descriptions. For example, you have a network 192.168.100.0/24 connected on the LAN1 interface, and 192.168.200.0/24 connected on the LAN2(WAN) interface. Example settings are as follows.



For LAN1:

Click “**LAN1 TCP/IP and DHCP Setup**” to configure your LAN1 interface for IP routing.

LAN1 IP Network Configuration	
For NAT Usage	
1st IP Address	: 192.168.1.1
1st Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0
For IP Routing Usage	: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable
2nd IP Address	: 192.168.100.1
2nd Subnet Mask	: 255.255.255.0

Click “**Enable**” and assign **192.168.100.1** in the **2nd IP Address** field, **255.255.255.0** in the **2nd Subnet Mask** field. You now have a routeable network 192.168.100.0/24 connected on the LAN1 interface.

For LAN2(WAN):

To configure the LAN2(WAN), on the Main Setup Menu click “**Internet Access Setup**” > “**Static or Dynamic IP**” to enter the setup page.

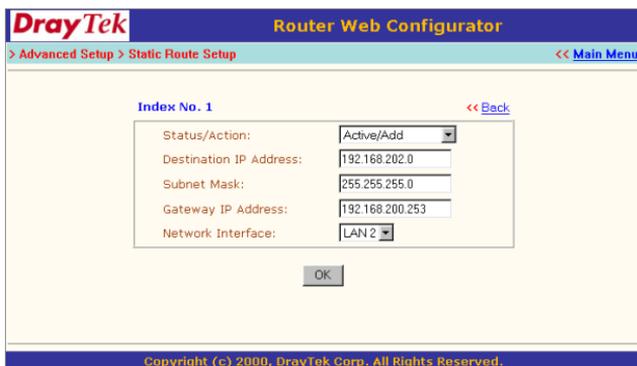
Access Control Broadband Access <input type="text" value="Enable"/> <input type="button" value="v"/> ISDN Dial Backup Setup Dial Backup Mode <input type="text" value="None"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>	LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings <input type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically Router Name : <input type="text" value="vigor2200"/> * Domain Name : <input type="text" value=""/> * * : Required for some ISPs <input checked="" type="radio"/> Default MAC Address <input type="radio"/> Specify a MAC Address MAC Address: <input type="text" value="00"/> · <input type="text" value="50"/> · <input type="text" value="7F"/> : <input type="text" value="00"/> · <input type="text" value="11"/> · <input type="text" value="5D"/> <input checked="" type="radio"/> Specify an IP address IP Address : <input type="text" value="192.168.200.1"/> Subnet Mask : <input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/> Gateway IP Address : <input type="text" value="192.168.200.254"/>
--	--

Note that **Broadband Access** is enabled and we assigned LAN2(WAN) a static IP, **192.168.200.1**, with a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**, and a default gateway of **192.168.200.254**. The default gateway is a next

hop router connected to another IP network, 192.168.201.0/24. In addition, we assume another router, 192.168.200.253/24, is also connected to the same Ethernet segment as LAN2(WAN). Behind the router is another IP network, 192.168.202.0/24. The following subsections based on this example give more detailed explanations.

5.5.1 Add a Static Route

In the above example, if you want the 192.168.202.0/24 and 192.168.100.0/24 network to have access to each other, you should add a static route in the Vigor2200 router and also in the 192.168.200.253 IP Router. The following setting show the Vigor2200's static route configurations.



Index No. 1	
Status/Action:	Active/Add
Destination IP Address:	192.168.202.0
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address:	192.168.200.253
Network Interface:	LAN 2

OK

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Status/Action: Set to **Active/Add**.

Destination IP Address: Specifies the target network IP or host IP. In this example we use network IP 192.168.202.0 as the routed target.

Subnet Mask: Specifies the target network mask. In the example, we use the subnet mask of network 192.168.202.0.

Gateway IP Address: Specifies the IP address of the next

hop router. In the example, we set this to 192.168.200.253 as the 192.168.202.0 network is behind the router.

Network Interface: Specifies the network interface. In the example, we use LAN2 to connect to the next hop router 192.168.200.253.

Note:

For the static route to work, the next hop router must also have added a static route to forward all 192.168.100.0/24 IP packets to the Vigor2200 router. After clicking the “OK” button, you will see the added route is shown in the current running routing table. Click “View Routing table” to verify.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > Static Route Setup << Main Menu

Static Route Configuration >> View Routing Table

Index	Destination Address	Status	Index	Destination Address	Status
1.	???	?	6.	???	?
2.	???	?	7.	???	?
3.	???	?	8.	???	?
4.	???	?	9.	???	?
5.	???	?	10.	???	?

Status: v --- Active, x --- Deactive, ? --- Empty

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5.5.2 Clear a Static Route

To clear a static route, set the **Status/Action** field to **Empty/Clear**, as shown below.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, a light blue navigation bar contains the breadcrumb "> Advanced Setup > Static Route Setup" and a link "<< Main Menu". The main content area has a yellow background and is titled "Index No. 1" with a "<< Back" link. A form contains the following fields:

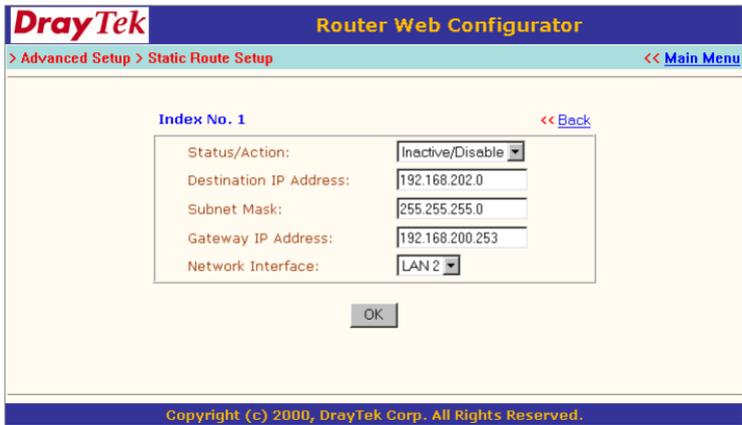
Status/Action:	Empty/Clear
Destination IP Address:	192.168.202.0
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address:	192.168.200.253
Network Interface:	LAN 2

Below the form is an "OK" button. At the bottom of the page, a blue footer contains the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Click "OK". All items on the above setup page will be cleared and be removed from the routing table.

5.5.3 Deactivate a Preset Static Route

Sometimes you may want to deactivate but not clear the preset static route. Set the **Status/Action** field to **Inactive/Disable** as shown below.



DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > Static Route Setup << Main Menu

Index No. 1 << Back

Status/Action:	Inactive/Disable
Destination IP Address:	192.168.202.0
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway IP Address:	192.168.200.253
Network Interface:	LAN 2

OK

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5.6 IP Filter/Firewall Setup

The IP Filter/Firewall function helps prevent your local network against attack from outside. It also provides a method of restricting users on the local network from accessing the Internet. Additionally, it can filter out specific packets to trigger the router to place an outgoing connection.

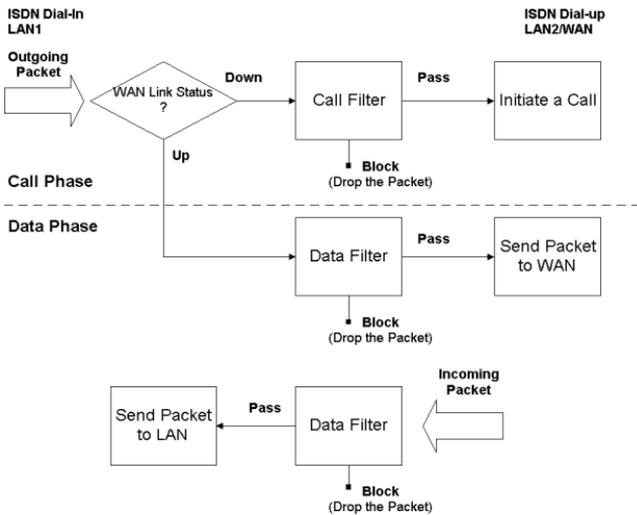
5.6.1 An Overview of the Firewall

The IP Filter/Firewall includes two types of filter: Call Filter and Data Filter. The former is designed to block or allow IP packets that will trigger the router to establish an outgoing connection. The latter is designed to block or allow which kind of IP packets are allowed to pass through the router when the WAN connection has been established.

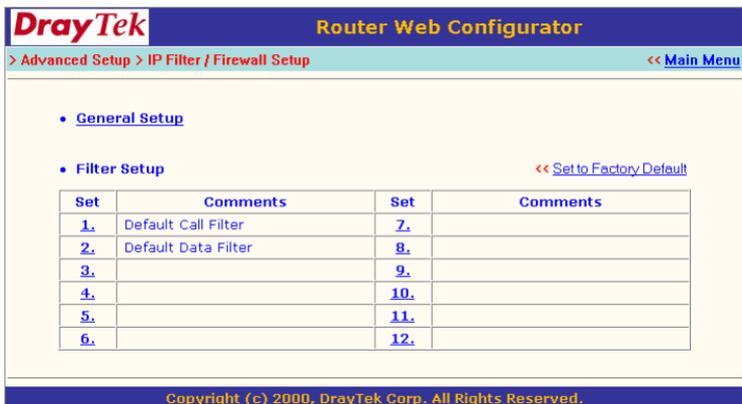
In concept, when an outgoing packet is to be routed to the WAN, the IP Filter will decide if the packet should be forwarded to the Call Filter or Data Filter. If the WAN link is down, the packet will enter the Call Filter. If the packet is not allowed to trigger router dialling, it will be dropped. Otherwise, it will initiate a call to establish the WAN con-

nection.

If the router's WAN link is up, the packet will pass through the Data Filter. If the packet type is set to be blocked, it will be dropped. Otherwise, it will be sent to the WAN interface. Alternatively, if an incoming packet enters from the WAN interface, it will pass through the Data Filter directly. If the packet type is set to be blocked, it will be dropped. Otherwise, it will be sent to the internal LAN. The filter architecture is shown as below.



The Following sections will explain more about IP Filter/Firewall Setup using Web Configurator. The Filter has 12 filter sets with 7 filter rules for each set. There are a total of 84 filter rules for the **IP Filter/Firewall Setup**. By default, the Call Filter rules are defined in filter set 1 and the Data Filter rules are defined in filter set 2.



DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup << Main Menu

- [General Setup](#)
- [Filter Setup](#) << [Set to Factory Default](#)

Set	Comments	Set	Comments
1.	Default Call Filter	7.	
2.	Default Data Filter	8.	
3.		9.	
4.		10.	
5.		11.	
6.		12.	

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General Setup: Some general settings are in the setup link.

Filter Setup: Here there are 12 filter sets for IP Filter configurations.

Set to Factory Default: Click here to restore the filter rules to default values.

5.6.2 General Setup

On the General Setup page you can enable/disable the Call Filter or Data Filter and assign a Start Filter Set for each, configure the log settings, and set the MAC address for duplicate packets.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, a navigation bar shows the path: "> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup > General Setup" and a link "<< Main Menu". The main content area is titled "General Setup" and includes a "<< Back" link. The configuration options are as follows:

- Call Filter:** Radio buttons for "Enable" (selected) and "Disable". A dropdown menu for "Start Filter Set" is set to "Set#1".
- Data Filter:** Radio buttons for "Enable" (selected) and "Disable". A dropdown menu for "Start Filter Set" is set to "Set#2".
- Log Flag:** A dropdown menu set to "None".
- MAC Address for Packet Duplication:** A text input field containing "0x000000000000".

An "OK" button is located at the bottom center of the configuration area. At the very bottom of the page, a blue footer contains the text: "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Call Filter: Check “**Enable**” to activate the Call Filter function. Assign a start filter set for Call Filter.

Data Filter: Check “**Enable**” to activate the Data Filter function. Assign a start filter set for Data Filter.

Log Flag: For troubleshooting needs you can specify the filter log here.

None: The log function is inactive.

Block: All blocked packets will be logged.

Pass: All passed packets will be logged.

No Match: The log function will record all packets which are unmatched.

Note:

The filter log will be displayed on the Telnet terminal when you type the “log -f” command.

MAC Address for Packet Duplication: Logged packets may also be logged to another location via Ethernet. If you want to duplicate logged packets from the router to another network device, you must enter the other devices’ MAC Address (HEX Format). Type “0” to disable the feature (also see “Duplicate to LAN” on page 5-22). The feature will be helpful under Ethernet switch environment.

5.6.3 Editing the Filter Sets

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup > Edit Filter Set << Main Menu

Filter Set 7 << Back | Clear

Comments :

Filter Rule	Active	Comments
1	<input type="checkbox"/>	
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Next Filter Set

OK

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Comments: Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length 22 characters.

Advanced Setup

Filter Rule: Click a button numbered “1” ~ “7” to edit the filter rule.

Active: Enable or disable the filter rule.

Next Filter Set: Specifies the next filter set to be linked behind the current filter set. The filters cannot be looped.

The following setup pages show the default settings for Call Filter and Data Filter. You will see the Call Filter set is assigned to set 1 and the Data Filter set to set 2.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> [Advanced Setup](#) > [IP Filter / Firewall Setup](#) > [Edit Filter Set](#) << [Main Menu](#)

Filter Set 1 << [Back](#) | [Clear](#) |

Comments :

Filter Rule	Active	Comments
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Block NetBios
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Next Filter Set

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DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup > Edit Filter Set << Main Menu

Filter Set 2 << Back | Clear

Comments : Default Data Filter

Filter Rule	Active	Comments
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	xNetBios -> DNS
2	<input type="checkbox"/>	
3	<input type="checkbox"/>	
4	<input type="checkbox"/>	
5	<input type="checkbox"/>	
6	<input type="checkbox"/>	
7	<input type="checkbox"/>	

Next Filter Set None

OK

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5.6.4 Editing the Filter Rules

Click the Filter Rule index button to enter the Filter Rule setup page for each filter. The following explains each configurable item in detail.

Comments: Enter filter set comments/description. Maximum length 14 characters.

Check to enable the Filter Rule: Enables the filter rule.

Pass or Block: Specifies the action to be taken when packets match the rule.

Block Immediately: Packets matching the rule will be dropped immediately.

Pass Immediately: Packets matching the rule will be passed immediately.

Block If No Further Match: A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be dropped.

Pass If No Further Match: A packet matching the rule, and that does not match further rules, will be passed

through.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup > Edit Filter Set > Edit Filter Rule << Main Menu

Filter Set 7 Rule 1 << Back | Clear |

Comments : Check to enable the Filter Rule

Pass or Block Pass Immediately	Branch to Other Filter Set None
<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate to LAN	<input type="checkbox"/> Log

Direction: OUT Protocol: any

Source	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Operator	Start Port	End Port
any	255.255.255.255 (/32)		=		
Destination	any	255.255.255.255 (/32)	=		

Keep State Source Route Fragments: Don't Care

OK

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Branch to Other Filter Set: If the packet matches the filter rule, the next filter rule will branch to the specified filter set.

Duplicate to LAN: If you want to log the matched packets to another network device, check this box to enable it. The MAC Address is defined in “**General Setup**” > “**MAC Address for Packet Duplication**”.

Log: Check this box to enable the log function. Use the Telnet command “log -f” to view the logs.

Direction: Sets the direction of packet flow. For the Call Filter, this setting is irrelevant.

For the Data Filter:

IN: Specifies the rule for filtering incoming packets.

OUT: Specifies the rule for filtering outgoing packets.

Protocol: Specifies the protocol(s) this filter rule will apply to.

IP Address: Specifies a source and destination IP address for this filter rule to apply to. Placing the symbol “!” before a particular IP Address will prevent this rule from being applied to that IP address. It is equal to the logical NOT operator.

Subnet Mask: Specifies the Subnet Mask for the IP Address column for this filter rule to apply to.

Operator: The operator column specifies the port number settings. If the **Start Port** is empty, the **Start Port** and the **End Port** column will be ignored. The filter rule will filter out any port number.

= : If the **End Port** is empty, the filter rule will set the port number to be the value of the **Start Port**. Otherwise, the port number ranges between the **Start Port** and the **End Port** (including the **Start Port** and the **End Port**).

!= : If the **End Port** is empty, the port number is not equal to the value of the **Start Port**. Otherwise, this port number is not between the **Start Port** and the **End Port** (including the **Start Port** and **End Port**).

> : Specifies the port number is larger than the **Start Port** (includes the **Start Port**).

< : Specifies the port number is less than the **Start Port** (includes the **Start Port**).

Keep State: When checked, protocol information about the TCP/UDP/ICMP communication sessions will be kept by the IP Filter/Firewall (the Firewall **Protocol** option (see fig. 5.x on page 5-20) requires that TCP or UDP or TCP/UDP or ICMP be selected for this to operate correctly).

Fragments: Specifies a fragmented packets action.

Don't Care: Specifies no fragment options in the filter rule.

Unfragmented: Applies the rule to unfragmented packets.

Fragmented: Applies the rule to fragmented packets.

Too Short: Applies the rule only to packets which are too short to contain a complete header.

5.6.5 Restricting Unauthorized Internet Services

This section will show a simple example to restrict someone can not access the world wide WWW services. In this example, we assume the IP address of the access-restricted user is 192.168.1.10. The filter rule is created in the Data Filter set and is shown as below. Port 80 is the HTTP protocol port number for WWW services.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator
> Advanced Setup > IP Filter / Firewall Setup > Edit Filter Set > Edit Filter Rule << Main Menu

Filter Set 2 Rule 2 << Back | Clear |

Comments : WWW Check to enable the Filter Rule

Pass or Block Block Immediately	Branch to Other Filter Set None
<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate to LAN	<input type="checkbox"/> Log

Direction: OUT Protocol: TCP

	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Operator	Start Port	End Port
Source	192.168.1.10	255.255.255.255 (/32)	=		
Destination	any	255.255.255.255 (/32)	=	80	

Keep State Source Route Fragments: Don't Care

OK

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6

Virtual TA Application

6.1 Virtual TA Concepts

6.2 Installing a Virtual TA Client

6.3 Configuring a Virtual TA Client/Server

Note: Not supported on the Vigor2200E model.

This chapter covers Virtual TA concepts and explains how to setup a Virtual TA.

Quick Setup

- >> [Internet Access Setup](#)
- >> [Remote Dial-In Access Setup](#)
- >> [Virtual TA \(Remote CAPI\) Setup](#)

Quick Setup

- > Virtual TA (Remote CAPI) Setup

6.1 Virtual TA Concepts

The term **Virtual TA** means the local Ethernet-connected hosts or PCs use popular CAPI-based software such as RVS-COM or BVRP etc. to access the router as a local ISDN TA for FAX sending or receiving via the ISDN line. Basically, it is a client/server network model. The Virtual TA server built into the router handles the connection establishment and release. The Virtual TA client, installed in the Ethernet-connected host, creates a CAPI-based driver to relay all CAPI messages between applications and the router's CAPI module.

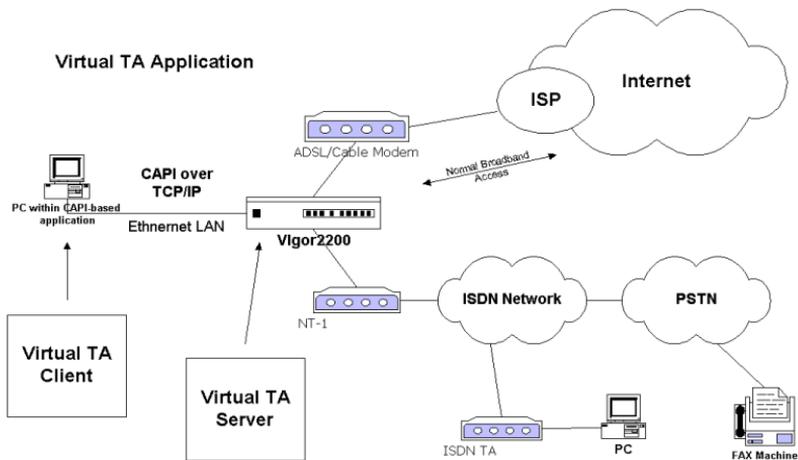
Note:

1. The Virtual TA client is only supported on Microsoft™ Windows 95 OSR2.1/98/98SE/Me/2000 platforms.
2. The Virtual TA client only supports the CAPI 2.0 protocol and has no built-in FAX engine.
3. One ISDN BRI interface only has two B channels.

The maximum number of active clients is also 2.

4. Before you set up the Virtual TA, you must set the correct country code. Click **“ISDN Setup”** in the **Basic Setup** group.

As the following application chart shows, the Virtual TA client can make an outgoing call or accept an incoming call to/from a peer FAX machine or ISDN TA etc.



6.2 Installing a Virtual TA Client

1. Insert the CD-ROM supplied with your Vigor2200, or directly double-click the installer file. Vsetup95.exe is for Windows 95 OSR2.1 or higher, Vsetup98.exe is for Windows 98, 98SE and Me, and Vsetup2k.exe is for Windows 2000.
2. Follow the installer's on screen instructions. The last step requires you to restart your computer. Click **“OK”** to restart.
3. After the computer restarts, you will see a VT icon on the taskbar

Virtual TA Application

(usually in the bottom-right of the screen, near the clock) as shown below.



When the icon text is GREEN, the Virtual TA client is connected to the Virtual TA server and you can launch your CAPI-based software to use the client to access the router. Read your software user guide for detailed configuration.

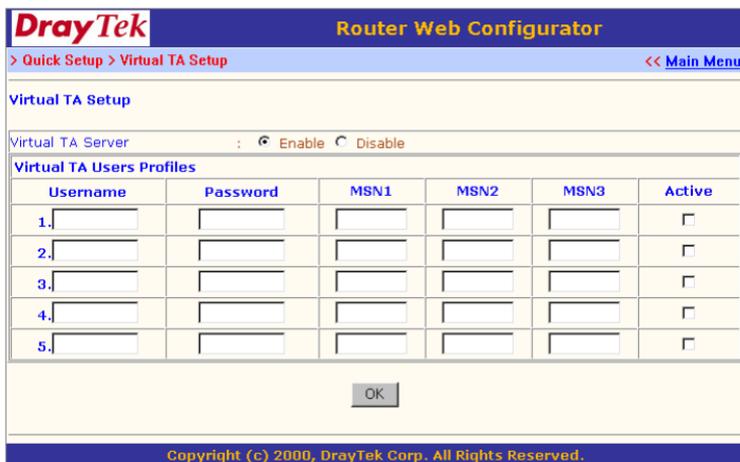
If the icon text is RED, it means the client lost the connection with the server. Check the physical Ethernet connection



6.3 Configuring a Virtual TA Client/Server

The Virtual TA application is a client/server model. You must set it up on both ends to operate your Virtual TA application.

By default, the Virtual TA server is enabled and the username and password fields are blank. Any Virtual TA client may login to the server. Once a single Username and Password field has been filled, the Virtual TA server will only allow clients with a valid username and password to login.



DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> Quick Setup > Virtual TA Setup << Main Menu

Virtual TA Setup

Virtual TA Server : Enable Disable

Virtual TA Users Profiles

	Username	Password	MSN1	MSN2	MSN3	Active
1.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
2.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
3.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
4.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				
5.	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>				

OK

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Virtual TA Server:

Enable: Check to activate the server.

Disable: Check to deactivate the server. All Virtual TA applications will be stopped.

Virtual TA User Profiles:

Username: Specifies the username for a specific client.

Password: Specifies the password for a specific client.

MSN1, MSN2, MSN3: MSN stands for Multiple Subscriber Number. It means you can subscribe to more than one ISDN line number on a single subscribed line. Note that the service must be subscribed to with your telecom. Specifies the MSN numbers for a specific client. If you have no MSN services, leave this field blank.

Active: Check to enable the client to access the server.

Creating a User Profile

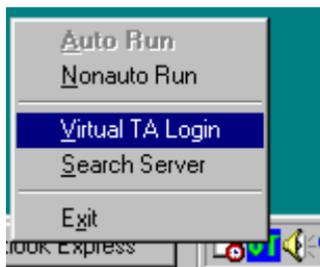
Note that creating a single user access account limits access to the Virtual TA server to only the specified account holders.

In the following, we assume you have no MSN service from your ISDN network provider.

1. On the server: Click “Virtual TA (Remote CAPI) Setup”, and fill in the Username and Password fields. Check the “Active” checkbox to enable the account.

Virtual TA Users Profiles					
Username	Password	MSN1	MSN2	MSN3	Active
1. alan	alan				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

2. On the client: Right-click the mouse on the VT icon. The following pop-up menu will be shown.



3. Click “**Virtual TA Login**” to open the login box.

4. Enter the Username and Password and click “OK”. After a short time the VT icon text will become green.

Configuring the MSN Number

If you have subscribed to an MSN number service, the Virtual TA server can specify which client has the specified MSN number. When an incoming call arrives, the server will alert the Username-Password-matched and MSN-matched client.

1. As an example, you could assign the MSN number “123” to the “alan” client.

Virtual TA Users Profiles					
Username	Password	MSN1	MSN2	MSN3	Active
1. alan	*****	123			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

2. Set the specified MSN number in the CAPI-based software. When the Virtual TA server sends an alert signal to the specified Virtual TA client, the CAPI-based software will also receive the alert signal. If the MSN number is incorrect, the software will not accept the incoming call.

7

System Management

7.1 Online Status

7.2 Management Setup

7.3 Diagnostic Tools

7.4 Reboot System

7.5 Firmware Upgrade

This chapter will show you how to manage your router using the **System Management** tools shown below.

System Management

- >> [Online Status](#)
- >> [Management Setup](#)
- >> [Diagnostic Tools](#)
- >> [Reboot System](#)
- >> [Firmware Upgrade \(TFTP Server\)](#)

System Management

- > Online Status
- > Management Setup
- > Diagnostic Tools
- > Reboot System
- > Firmware Upgrade (TFTP Server)

7.1 Online Status

Click “**Online Status**” to open the Online Status page. In the example, on the following page, both the ISDN B1 and B2 channel are active and also a PPPoE connection is up on the LAN2/WAN interface.

DrayTek		Router Web Configurator				
> System Management > Online Status		<< Main Menu				
ISDN Status						
Channel	Active Connection	TX Pkts	TX Rate	RX Pkts	RX Rate	Up Time
B1	ISP [172.16.2.200]	17	36	9	6	0:0:25
B2	ISP [172.16.2.200]	34	91	23	60	0:0:25
D	UP					
						>> Drop B1 >> Drop B2
LAN1 Status						
	IP Address	TX Packets	RX Packets			
	192.168.1.1	686	634			
LAN2/WAN Status		GW IP Addr 168.95.186.254				
Mode	IP Address	TX Packets	TX Rate	RX Packets	RX Rate	Up Time
PPPoE	168.95.186.181	12	70	14	50	0:0:05
						>> Drop PPPoE or PPTP
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The Online Status page contains three subgroups: ISDN Status, LAN1 Status and LAN2/WAN Status.

ISDN Status: (Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X Only)

Active Connection: The ISP, active remote dial-in user, or LAN-to-LAN profile name and also the IP address for each B channel.

TX Pkts: Total number of transmitted IP packets sent during this connection session.

TX Rate: Transmission rate for outgoing data. The unit is characters per second (cps).

RX Pkts: Total number of received IP packets received during this connection session.

RX Rate: Reception rate for ingoing data. The unit is characters per second (cps).

Up Time: Connection time. The format is HH:MM:SS where HH means hours, MM means minutes, and SS means seconds.

Drop B1: Click to disconnect the B1 channel.

Drop B2: Click to disconnect the B2 channel.

LAN1 Status:

IP Address: IP address of the LAN1 interface.

TX Packets: Total number of transmitted IP packets sent since the router was powered on.

RX Packets: Total number of received IP packets received since the router was powered on.

LAN2/WAN Status:

Mode: Indicates which broadband access mode is active. Depending upon the broadband access mode, you may see Static IP, Dynamic IP, PPTP, or PPPoE.

GW IP Address: Indicates the gateway IP address.

IP Address: IP address of the LAN2/WAN interface.

TX Packets: Total number of transmitted IP packets sent during this connection session.

TX Rate: Transmission rate for outgoing data. The unit is characters per second (cps).

RX Packets: Total number of received IP packets received during this connection session.

RX Rate: Reception rate for ingoing data. The unit is characters per second (cps).

Up Time: Connection time. The format is HH:MM:SS where HH means hours, MM means minutes, and SS means seconds.

Drop PPPoE or PPTP: Click the link to disconnect the PPPoE or PPTP connection.

7.2 Management Setup

By default, the router may be configured and managed with any Telnet client or Web browser running on any operating system. There is no requirement for additional software or utilities. However, for some specific environments, you may want to change the server port numbers for the built-in Telnet or HTTP server, create access lists to protect the router, or reject system administrator login from the Internet.

Click “**Management Setup**”. The following setup page will be displayed.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, a navigation bar shows the path "> System Management > Management Setup" and a link "<< Main Menu". The main content area is divided into two columns. The left column is titled "Management Access Control" and contains a checkbox labeled "Allowing management from the Internet" which is currently unchecked. Below this is an "Access List" section with a table for defining allowed IP addresses and subnet masks. The table has three rows, numbered 1, 2, and 3. Each row has an "IP" column and a "Subnet Mask" column. The "Subnet Mask" column contains dropdown menus. The right column is titled "Port Setup" and contains two radio buttons: "Default Ports (Telnet: 23, HTTP: 80)" which is selected, and "User Define Ports". Below the radio buttons are two input fields: "Telnet Port" with the value "23" and "HTTP Port" with the value "80". At the bottom center of the form is an "OK" button. A footer at the very bottom of the page reads "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

List	IP	Subnet Mask
1	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
2	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
3	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Management Access Control

Allow management from the Internet: Check to allow system administrators to login from the Internet. The default is not allowed.

Access List

You may specify that the system administrator can only login from a specific host or network defined in the list. A maximum of three IPs/subnet masks may be entered.

IP: Specifies an IP address allowed to login to the router.

Subnet Mask: Specifies a subnet mask allowed to login to the router.

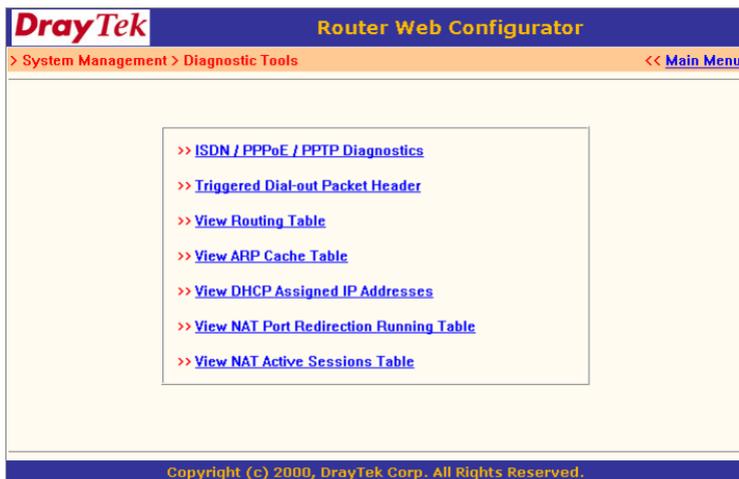
Port Setup

Default Ports: Check to use standard port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.

User Defined Ports: Check to specify user-defined port numbers for the Telnet and HTTP servers.

7.3 Diagnostic Tools

Diagnostic Tools provide useful tools for viewing or diagnosing the router. Click Diagnostic Tools to enter the following page.



ISDN / PPPoE / PPTP Diagnostics: Click here to open the following page. The page shown here is for reference only; individual networks will show different results.

The page has been grouped into two subgroups, the upper is for ISDN link status, the lower is for broadband access status.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, there is a navigation bar with "System Management > Diagnostic Tools" and a "Main Menu" link. The main content area is titled "ISDN/PPPoE/PPTP Diagnostics" and includes a "Back | Refresh" link. The interface displays two sections: "ISDN Link Status" and "Broadband Access Mode/Status".

ISDN Link Status		UP
Internet Access	>> Dial ISDN	
B Channel	B1	B2
Activity	ISP	ISP
Drop Connection	>> Drop B1	>> Drop B2
Broadband Access Mode/Status		PPPoE
Internet Access	>> Dial PPPoE or PPTP	
WAN IP Address	168.95.186.181	
Drop Connection	>> Drop PPPoE or PPTP	

At the bottom of the interface, there is a copyright notice: "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Refresh: To obtain the latest information, click here to reload the page.

ISDN:

ISDN Link Status: If the link is active, this field will show **UP**. Otherwise, it shows **DOWN**.

Dial ISDN: Clicking here causes the router to dial to the preset ISP. Click **Internet Access Setup > Dial to a Single ISP** to configure dial-up settings.

Activity: Displays the connection name for each B channel. If the B channel is idle, it will show **Idle**.

Drop B1: Click to disconnect the B1 channel.

Drop B2: Click to disconnect the B2 channel.

Broadband Access:

Broadband Access Mode/Status: Displays the broadband access mode and status. If the broadband connection is active, it will show **PPPoE**, **PPTP**, **Static IP**, or **DHCP Client** depending on which access mode is enabled. If the connec-

tion is idle, it will show “---”.

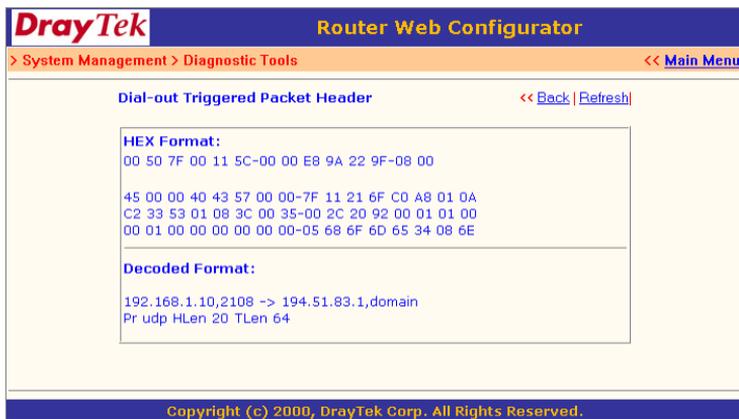
WAN IP Address: The WAN IP address for the active connection.

Dial PPPoE or PPTP: Click to force the router to establish a PPPoE or PPTP connection.

Drop PPPoE or PPTP: Click to force the router to disconnect the current active PPPoE or PPTP connection.

Triggered Dial-out Packet Header:

Triggered Dial-out Packet Header shows the latest IP packet header that triggers the router to dial out.



The screenshot displays the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, the DrayTek logo is on the left, and "Router Web Configurator" is on the right. Below the header, a navigation bar shows "> System Management > Diagnostic Tools" and "<< Main Menu". The main content area is titled "Dial-out Triggered Packet Header" and includes links for "<< Back" and "Refresh". The content is divided into two sections: "HEX Format:" and "Decoded Format:". The HEX format shows a long hexadecimal string: "00 50 7F 00 11 5C-00 00 E8 9A 22 9F-08 00", followed by "45 00 00 40 43 57 00 00-7F 11 21 6F C0 A8 01 0A", "C2 33 53 01 08 3C 00 35-00 2C 20 92 00 01 01 00", and "00 01 00 00 00 00 00-05 68 6F 6D 65 34 08 6E". The Decoded format shows "192.168.1.10,2108 -> 194.51.83.1,domain" and "Pr udp HLen 20 TLen 64". At the bottom, a footer reads "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Refresh: Click to reload the page.

View Routing Table:

Click **View Routing Table** to view the router's routing table.

The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, there is a navigation bar with "System Management > Diagnostic Tools" and a "Main Menu" link. The main content area is titled "Current Running Routing Table" and includes a "Back" and "Refresh" link. The routing table itself is displayed in a scrollable box with the following content:

```

Key: C - connected, S - static, R - RIP, * - default

*      0.0.0.0/          0.0.0.0 via 168.95.186.254, IF3
C      192.168.1.0/       255.255.255.0 is directly connected, IF0
C      172.16.2.1/       255.255.255.255 is directly connected, IF1
R      172.16.1.0/       255.255.255.0 via 172.16.2.1, IF1 (1/158500)
S      172.16.2.0/       255.255.255.0 via 172.16.2.1, IF1
  
```

At the bottom of the interface, there is a blue footer with the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

The table provides current IP routing information held in the router. To the left of each routing rule you will see a key. These keys are defined as:

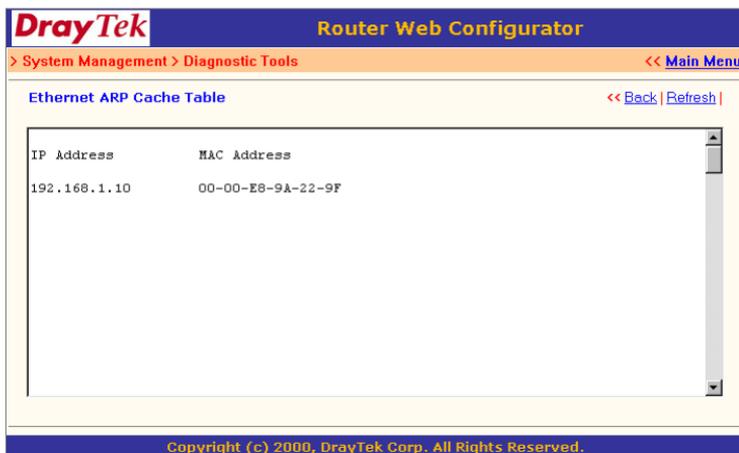
- C** --- Directly connected.
- S** --- Static route.
- R** --- RIP.
- *** --- Default route.

To the right of each routing rule you will see an interface identifier:

- IF0** --- Local LAN interface.
- IF1** --- ISDN B1 channel.
- IF2** --- ISDN B2 channel.
- IF3** --- WAN(LAN2) interface.

View ARP Cache Table:

Click **View ARP Cache Table** to view the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) cache held in the router. The table shows a mapping between an Ethernet hardware address (MAC Address) and an IP address.



The screenshot displays the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, the DrayTek logo is on the left, and "Router Web Configurator" is on the right. Below this is a navigation bar with "> System Management > Diagnostic Tools" on the left and "<< Main Menu" on the right. The main content area is titled "Ethernet ARP Cache Table" and includes a "<< Back | Refresh" link. A table with two columns, "IP Address" and "MAC Address", contains one entry: IP Address 192.168.1.10 and MAC Address 00-00-E8-9A-22-9F. A vertical scrollbar is on the right side of the table. At the bottom of the page, a blue footer bar contains the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

IP Address	MAC Address
192.168.1.10	00-00-E8-9A-22-9F

View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses:

View DHCP Assigned IP Addresses provides information on IP address assignments. This information is helpful in diagnosing network problems, such as IP address conflicts, etc.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> System Management > Diagnostic Tools << Main Menu

DHCP IP Assignment Table << Back | Refresh |

Index	IP Address	MAC Address	Leased Time	HOST ID
1	192.168.1.1	00-50-7F-00-11-5C	FIXED IP	vigor2200
2	192.168.1.10	00-00-E8-9A-22-9F	14:26:38.180	Alan
3	192.168.1.11	00-50-7F-00-00-01	14:21:51.560	di800

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View NAT Port Redirection Running Table:

If you have configured **Port Redirection** (under **NAT Setup**), click to verify that your settings are correct for redirecting specific port numbers to specified internal users.

DrayTek Router Web Configurator

> System Management > Diagnostic Tools << Main Menu

NAT Port Redirection Running Table << Back | Refresh |

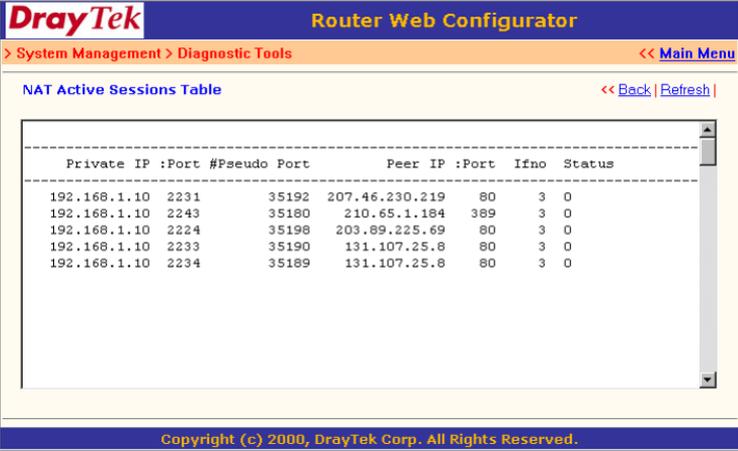
Index	Protocol	Public Port	Private IP	Private Port
1	6	80	192.168.1.10	80
2	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
3	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
4	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
5	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
6	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
7	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
8	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
9	0	0	0.0.0.0	0
10	0	0	0.0.0.0	0

Protocol: 0 = Disable, 6 = TCP, 17 = UDP

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View NAT Active Sessions Table:

As the router is getting on the Internet through the built-in NAT engine, click **View NAT Active Sessions Table** to see which active outgoing sessions are online.



The screenshot shows the DrayTek Router Web Configurator interface. At the top, there is a blue header with the DrayTek logo and the text "Router Web Configurator". Below the header, there is a navigation bar with "> System Management > Diagnostic Tools" and "<< Main Menu". The main content area is titled "NAT Active Sessions Table" and includes a "<< Back | Refresh |" link. The table displays the following data:

Private IP	:Port	#Pseudo Port	Peer IP	:Port	Ifno	Status
192.168.1.10	2231	35192	207.46.230.219	80	3	0
192.168.1.10	2243	35180	210.65.1.184	389	3	0
192.168.1.10	2224	35198	203.89.225.69	80	3	0
192.168.1.10	2233	35190	131.107.25.8	80	3	0
192.168.1.10	2234	35189	131.107.25.8	80	3	0

At the bottom of the screen, there is a blue footer with the text "Copyright (c) 2000, DrayTek Corp. All Rights Reserved."

Each line across the screen indicates an active session. The following information is displayed:

Private IP, Port: The internal user's (PC's) IP address and port number.

#Pseudo Port: The public port number.

Peer IP, Port: The peer user's (PC's) IP address and port number.

Ifno: Stands for interface number. The definition is listed below:
0 --- LAN interface.

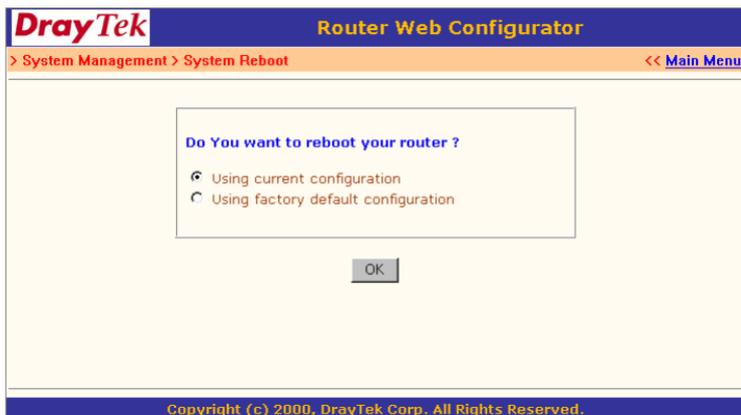
1 --- B1 interface

2 --- B2 interface.

3 --- WAN(LAN2) interface.

7.4 Reboot System

The Web Configurator may be used to restart your router. Click **Reboot System** to open the following setup page.



There are two reboot options: **Using current configuration** and **Using factory default configuration**. If you want to reboot the router using current running configurations, check **Using current configuration** and click "OK". To reset the router's settings to default values, check **Using factory default configuration** and click "OK". The router will take 3 to 5 seconds to reboot the system.

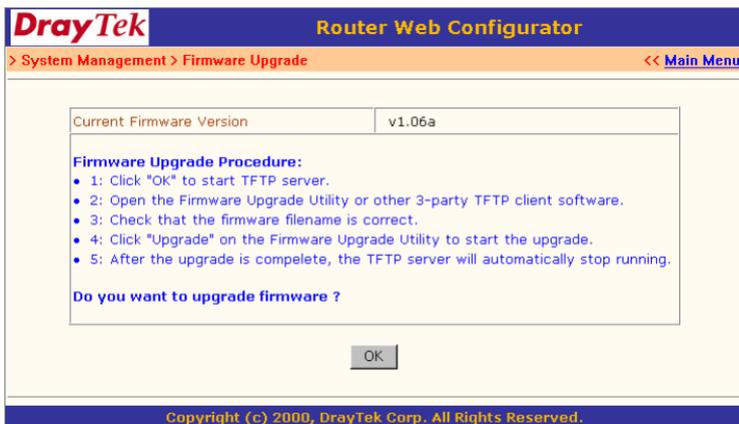
7.5 Firmware Upgrade

Before upgrading your router firmware, you must install the **Router Tools**. The **Firmware Upgrade Utility** is included in the tools. The following steps will guide you through an upgrade. Note that the examples below use a Windows OS.

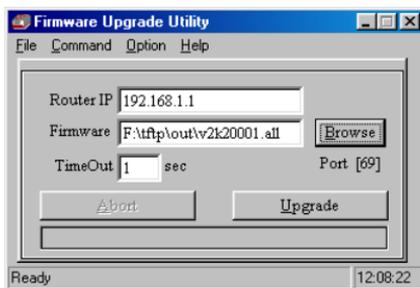
1. Download the latest firmware from DrayTek's website or FTP site (<ftp://ftp.draytek.com/vigor2200/>).
2. Use Web Configurator to enable the Firmware Upgrade function.



Click **Firmware Upgrade (TFTP Server)** to open the following screen. Click "OK" to enable the function.



3. Click **Start > Programs > Router Tools > Firmware Upgrade Utility** to launch the **Firmware Upgrade Utility**.



The **Router IP** field will show the IP address of your router. Click **“Browse”** to select the new firmware file. The file shown here (v2k200001.all) is for example purposes only and the latest firmware will have a different file name. Click **“Upgrade”**. The upgrade status will be shown on the progress bar.

8

Troubleshooting & FAQ

8.1 Using the Telnet Terminal Commands

8.2 Viewing Call Logs

8.3 Viewing ISDN Logs

8.4 Viewing PPP Logs

8.5 Viewing WAN Logs

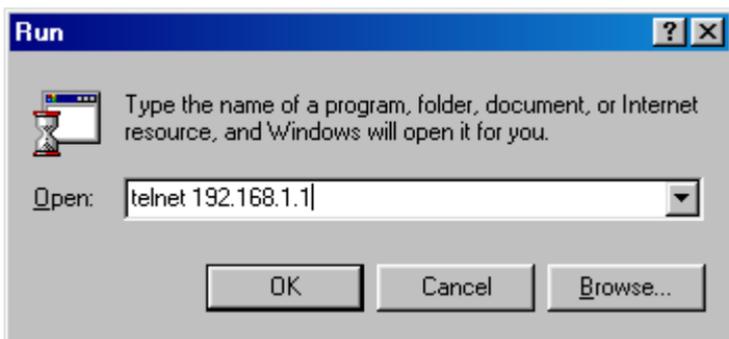
8.6 Troubleshooting the DHCP Client on WAN

8.7 FAQs

The following section explains how to use Telnet terminal commands to diagnose your network problems via the built-in debug tool. Our examples use Windows's Telnet client software. If you are a Mac user, you should install third-party Telnet client software on your computer. By default, the Linux has a built-in Telnet client.

8.1 Using the Telnet Terminal Commands

Click **Start > Run** and type “**Telnet 192.168.1.1**” in the **Open** box as below. Note that the IP address in the example is the router's default address. If you have changed the default, enter the routers current IP address.



Click “**OK**”. The Telnet terminal will open. If an administrator password has not already been assigned, follow the on-screen instructions to assign one.

```
*** WARNING ****  
* System has no password. *  
* Please set password, using "sys pass" commands. *  
*****
```

After assigning a password, type **?**. You will see all possible Telnet commands.

```

Telnet - 192.168.1.1
Connect Edit Terminal Help

Password:

*** WARNING ****
* System has no password.
* Please set password, using "sys pass" commands.
*****

Type ? for command help

vigor2200> ?
% Valid commands are:
exit      ip      ipf      isdn     log      quit
srv       sys

vigor2200> █

```

Command Help:

If you are not familiar with these commands, type the command followed by a question mark ?. For example, the **ip** command is a first level command. Type "ip ?" to get next level commands as shown below.

```

vigor2200> ip ?
% Valid subcommands are:
addr      arp      dhcpc   ping    route   wanaddr

vigor2200> █

```

Recall Commands:

The Telnet terminal also provides a method to recall the command history. Use the **Up** and **Down** arrow keys on your keyboard to recall previous commands.

Quitting the Telnet Terminal:

Type **quit** or **exit** to quit the Telnet terminal.

8.2 Viewing Call Logs

The Call log provides a simple method for troubleshooting call setup or WAN connection problems. By default, the router records WAN connection messages. This information can be helpful in diagnosing WAN connection problems. If you do not understand the content, you can easily save the log and send it to a support technician.

The steps are:

1. Login to the Telnet terminal.
2. Type **"log -F c"** to clear all call logs.
3. Ping to any outside host to trigger the router to dial from your PC.
4. Type **"log -c"** to display the latest call log.

ISDN example:

```
vigor2200> log -c
14:48:59.480 >>> Dial-up triggered by user : 192.168.1.18
                    proto=icmp, to 168.95.1.1
14:48:59.480 Dialing ISP (Hinet) : 04125678
14:49:00.000 PPP Start (B1)
14:49:03.230 PAP Login OK (B1)
14:49:03.280 IPCP Opening (B1)
                    Own IP Address : 163.31.241.167 Peer IP Address : 168.95.67.195
                    Primary DNS : 168.95.192.1 Secondary DNS : 168.95.1.1
vigor2200>
```

PPPoE example:

```
vigor2200> log -c
15:04:10.320 >>> Dial-up triggered by user : 192.168.1.18
                    proto=icmp, to 168.95.1.1
15:04:10.760 PPP Start (PPPoE)
15:04:13.310 PAP Login OK (PPPoE)
15:04:13.450 IPCP Opening (PPPoE)
                    Own IP Address : 168.95.186.16 Peer IP Address : 168.95.186.254
                    Primary DNS : 168.95.192.1 Secondary DNS : 168.95.1.1
vigor2200>
```

8.3 Viewing ISDN Logs

To capture messages exchanged on the ISDN interface, use the “**log -i**” command to dump all exchanged messages on the ISDN interface.

The steps are:

1. Login to the Telnet terminal.
2. Type “**log -F w**” to clear all ISDN logs.
3. Ping to any outside host to trigger the router to dial from your PC.
4. Type “**log -i**” to display the latest ISDN log. To display all ISDN logs saved in the log buffer, type “**log -i -t**”.

Detailed ISDN log example:

```

15:15:59.550 ---->D Len=27 LAPD TE C SAPI=0 TEI=75 INFO P=0 NR=4 NS=4
      23 bytes ETSI 102
      Orig CR=0x3E PD=Q.931 SETUP
1 00000100 INFORMATION ELEMENT : Bear Capability
2 00000010 IE length : 2 octets
3 1----- Extension bit : not continued
  -0----- Coding standard : CCITT standard coding as described below
--- MORE --- ['q': Quit, 'Enter': New Lines, 'Space Bar': Next Page] ---
  -01000 Info. transfer capability : unrestricted digital information
4 1----- Extension bit : not continued
  -0----- Transfer mode : circuit mode
  -10000 Information transfer rate : 64 kbit/s
1 00011000 INFORMATION ELEMENT : Channel Identification
2 00000001 IE length : 1 octets
3 1----- Extension bit : not continued
  -0----- Interface ident. : implicit identified
  --0----- Interface type : basic interface
  ---0----- Spare
  ----0----- Preferred/exclusive : indicate channel is preferred
  ----0----- D-channel indicator : the channel identified is not the D-channel
  ----11 Information channel selection : any channel
1 01110000 INFORMATION ELEMENT : Called Party Number
2 00001001 IE length : 9 octets
3 1----- Extension bit : not continued
  -000----- Type of number : unknown
  ----0000 Numbering plan : unknown
4 ***** Number digits : [04125678]
19 10100001 INFORMATION ELEMENT : 0xA1

```

The above example shows detailed D-channel **SETUP** messages only. Note that all ISDN D-channel messages will be displayed when you

type the **log -i -t** command. To use the command, you will get to know whether the ISDN connection could be established or not. Note that if you can not read the details, please save these messages in file and attach to support technician.

8.4 Viewing PPP Logs

To view PPP logs, type “**log -p**”.

The steps are:

1. Login to the Telnet terminal.
2. Type “**log -F w**” to clear all PPP logs.
3. Ping to any outside host to trigger the router to dial from your PC.
4. Type “**log -p**” to display the latest PPP log. To display all PPP logs, use the “**log -p -t**” command.

```
vigor2200> log -p
16:07:00.000 >>>>B1 Len=27
  Protocol:LCP(c021)
    ConfReq Identifier:0x00
      Protocol Field Compression
      Address/Control Field Compression
      MRRU: 1500
      Short Sequence Number Header Format
      Endpoint Discriminator
      Locally Assigned Address: 00 0f 77 24 00 0f ##
16:07:00.970 >>>>B1 Len=27
  Protocol:LCP(c021)
    ConfReq Identifier:0x01
      Protocol Field Compression
      Address/Control Field Compression
      MRRU: 1500
      Short Sequence Number Header Format
      Endpoint Discriminator
      Locally Assigned Address: 00 0f 77 24 00 0f ##
```

The PPP log is useful in solving communication problems for normal ISDN dialup, or PPPoE and PPTP dialup via a DSL modem.

8.5 Viewing WAN Logs

To view all WAN logs including ISDN D-channel and PPP/PPPoE/PPTP messages, the simplest way is to type “**log -w -t**”.

The steps are:

1. Login to the Telnet terminal.
2. Type “**log -F w**” to clear all PPP/PPPoE/PPTP and ISDN logs.
3. Ping to any outside host to trigger the router to dial from your PC.
4. Type “**log -w**” to display the latest WAN log. If you want to display all WAN logs, use the “**log -w -t**” command.

8.6 Troubleshooting the DHCP Client on WAN

In a Cable access environment, the DHCP client (dynamic IP) is a popular way to access the Internet. The router provides “**ip dhcpc ...**” commands to help you to diagnose DHCP client problems. These commands are similar in function to the **ipconfig.exe** or **winiipcfg.exe** tools on MS Windows OS platforms.

Type the “**ip dhcpc ?**” command. You will get the additional commands shown below:

```
vigor2200> ip dhcpc ?
% Valid subcommands are:
release      renew      status
vigor2200> █
```

Releasing the IP Address

The command to release the WAN IP address is “**ip dhcpc release**”. After typing the command, the router will release all IP settings on the WAN interface.

```
vigor2200> ip dhcpc release
vigor2200> ip dhcpc status

DHCP Client Status:

DHCP Server IP : 0.0.0.0
WAN IP         : 0.0.0.0
WAN Netmask    : 0.0.0.0
WAN Gateway    :
Primary DNS    :
Secondary DNS  :
Leased Time    : 0
Leased Time T1 : 0
Leased Time T2 : 0

vigor2200> █
```

Renewing the IP Address

Type “**ip dhcpc renew**” to get a new IP address from the cable service provider.

```
vigor2200> ip dhcpc renew
vigor2200> ip dhcpc statu

DHCP Client Status:

DHCP Server IP : 192.168.3.1
WAN IP         : 192.168.3.83
WAN Netmask    : 255.255.255.0
WAN Gateway    : 192.168.3.1
Primary DNS    : 168.95.1.1
Secondary DNS  : 192.168.3.1
Leased Time    : 259200
Leased Time T1 : 129600
Leased Time T2 : 226800

vigor2200> █
```

Viewing the WAN Status

Type “**ip dhcpc status**” to show the status of the DHCP client for the WAN interface.

Viewing DHCP Logs

In some special cases, you may want to capture the detailed DHCP messages sent between the WAN interface and the cable head-end access server. Type “**log -i**” to dump these DHCP exchanged messages as below. Note that the DHCP client messages will be shown using the “**log -i**” command when the LAN2/WAN interface has been

configured as **Obtain an IP address automatically**.

<p>Access Control</p> <p>Broadband Access <input type="text" value="Enable"/></p> <p>ISDN Dial Backup Setup</p> <p>Dial Backup Mode <input type="text" value="None"/></p>	<p>LAN2/WAN IP Network Settings</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> Obtain an IP address automatically</p> <p>Router Name : <input type="text" value="vigor2200"/>*</p> <p>Domain Name : <input type="text" value=""/>*</p>
--	---

```
vigor2200> log -i
00:00:00.020 ---->DHCP Len=300 (Request)
 01 01 06 00 76 56 9A A4 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 50 7F 00 11 5D 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
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 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 35 01 01 3D 07 01 00 50 7F 00 11 5D 0C 09 76 69 67 6F 72 32
 32 30 30 37 08 01 03 06 0F 2C 2E 2F 39 FF 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
```

8.7 FAQs

The following frequently asked questions cover common questions. For more FAQs, visit DrayTek's website (www.draytek.com) or contact your local technical support.

1. What is the default administrator password to login to the router?

A: By default, you don't need a password to login to the router. For security, you should assign a password to protect your router against hacker attacks.

2. I forgot the administrator password. What should I do?

A: Press the **Reset** button on the rear panel for over 5 seconds to reset all settings to default values.

3. What is the default IP address of the router?

A: The default IP address is 192.168.1.1 with subnet mask 255.255.255.0.

4. Why does the router dial out very often?

A: Examine the packets that trigger the router to dial out. Login to the Web Configurator and click “**Diagnostic Tools**” > “**Triggered Dial-out Packet Header**”. You will see the triggered packet contents. Report the results to technical support by e-mail or telephone.

5. Why can't I connect to the Web Configurator?

A: Remove the proxy server settings in your web browser.

6. What are the differences between the Vigor2200, Vigor2200X, and Vigor2200E?

A: Please refer to section 1.2. “**Vigor2200 Series Router Comparisons**” for more details.

7. Why is it that I can ping to outside hosts, but not access Internet websites?

A: Check the DNS server settings on your PC. If the Primary and Secondary DNS server is set correct. You should get the DNS servers settings from your ISP. If your PC is running a DHCP client, remove any DNS IP address settings. Because the router will assign the DNS settings to the DHCP-client-enabled PC.

8. What is the maximum number of IP addresses that the router's DHCP server can assign to local PCs?

A: The built-in DHCP server can support 253 IP addresses for local network usage.

9. What is the DSL/Cable Router?

A: The Vigor2200 router series have no built-in Cable or DSL modem. They must be connected to an external Cable or DSL modem for broadband access.

Detailed Specifications:

LAN 2 (WAN) Interface:

- One 10Base-T LAN 2 (WAN) port with two RJ-45 connectors (Vigor2200), One 10Base-T WAN port with one RJ-45 port (Vigor2200X, Vigor2200E)
- PPPoE
- DHCP Client
- PPTP Client
- ARP, IP, ICMP, TCP, UDP

ISDN Interface (Vigor2200 and Vigor2200X only):

- One Basic Rate Interface (BRI)
- S/T Interface
- Layer-1 conforms to ITU-T I.430
 - D channel signaling protocol complies with DSS1 (European), VN3 (French), BT ISDN2e (British) etc.
- Line rate: 128Kbps
- B channel protocol compatible:
 - PPP/Multilink PPP (MP)
 - Secure Call Back: CBCP
- Dial on demand (DOD) for cost saving
- Bandwidth on demand (BOD)
- Dual ISPs support
- Remote dial-in access
- LAN-to-LAN connectivity

IP Routing Protocol:

- RIP version II

Built-in firewall:

- IP-based packet filtering with web-based configuration
-

-
- IP anti-spoofing

Network Service Servers for LAN 1:

- One 10/100 Base-TX port with two RJ-45 connectors (Vigor2200), Built-in 4-port 10/100 Base-TX Ethernet Switch with five RJ-45 connectors (Vigor2200X and Vigor2200E)
- ARP, IP, ICMP, TCP, UDP
- DHCP server for AutoIP:
 - Automatically and Dynamically assigns appropriate IP network configuration, including IP address, netmask, gateway IP address, domain name server (DNS) etc.
- Fax, Answering machine, BBS, Euro filetransfer on LAN:
 - Remote CAPI server for those using CAPI interface software to get on the Internet, or for other special purpose usage
- NAT (Network Address Translation) server
 - IP address and port number translation
 - IP traffic load balancing
 - Port redirection to expose internal server to the Internet
- DNS (Domain Name Server) cache and proxy server
- DMZ

Configuration and Management :

- Web-based User Interface (WUI)
 - Ease-of-use configuration via generic web browser
 - System status monitor
 - System administrator password support
- Telnet-based teletype User Interface (TUI)
 - Text-based command line
 - System administrator password support
- Smart Start Wizard running on Windows and Mac OS platforms
- Diagnosis tools

Operating System Compatibility:

-
- Windows 95/98/98SE/Me/NT/2000
 - Mac OS
 - Linux or other UNIX clone

Firmware Upgradeability:

- TFTP

- **Dimensions : L 21.8 x W 15.8 x H 3.6 cm**
 - **Weight: 399 grams**
 - **Maximum Power: 10 W**
-